

Global Markets Research Daily Market Highlights

Key Takeaways

- Macro fundamentals returned to the fore for the first time after a long while. Stronger ADP job addition and ISM manufacturing index further reinforced the case for a June rate hike. ADP added 253k jobs in May, more than expected, while ISM manufacturing ticked higher to 54.9 in May as new orders and employment increased. Fed Powell signaled the Fed is on track to raise rates, citing a "healthy" US economy although he does not expect the Fed to trim its balance sheet by more than US\$2 trillion over the next five years, signaling very modest policy actions.
- Surveys also indicated healthy growth in factories production in the Eurozone and UK. EU manufacturing gauge climbed to 57.0 while the UK's dropped to 56.7 in May (April: 57.3). Even with a softer reading, the latter remained well above 50, the threshold separating expansion from contraction. China's Caixin manufacturing PMI slipped to 49.6, below 50 for the first time in May since June 2016, contradicting a rather optimistic official manufacturing PMI number (May: 51.2). Surveys by Nikkei showed manufacturing activities slowed in Malaysia and Vietnam but picked up in Japan.
- USD rebounded and traded stronger against all G10s on the back of consolidation from recent losses, further supported by positive US data that spurred growth optimism and reinforced the case for a June Fed rate hike. The DXY held on to its steady climb and closed 0.28% higher at 97.20. Expect USD to stay firm today but caution against some pullback ahead of crucial nonfarm payroll print tonight. An upbeat print will likely reinforce USD strength. Technically, bearish bias continues to prevail, suggesting likelihood of further losses, to 96.75 in the next leg down after the current rebound runs its course.
- MYR fell against a firmer USD, by 0.12% to 4.2863 at close and was weaker against 5 G10s amid risk-off in the markets. Expect MYR to remain slightly bearish today on softer positioning going into the weekend and ahead of US nonfarm payroll. Bearishness persists in USDMYR even though momentum has turned into slight positive. We hold on to our view that USDMYR will push higher towards 4.2941 before any move lower again to test 4.2151.

Overnight Economic Data	
Malaysia	\
US	1
UK	↓
Euro zone	1
Australia	1
Vietnam	$\mathbf{\Psi}$

What's Coming Up Next

Major Data

- US non-farm payroll, unemployment rate, trade balance
- UK Markit/ CIPS construction PMI
- Eurozone PPI
- Japan consumer confidence index
- Singapore PMI
- Australia HIA new home sales

Major Events

≻ Nil

Daily Supports – Resistances (spot prices)*						
	S2	S1	Indicative	R1	R2	Outlook
EURUSD	1.1155	1.1205	1.1216	1.1254	1.1267	И
USDJPY	110.54	110.92	111.63	111.83	112.10	7
GBPUSD	1.2773	1.2803	1.2890	1.2927	1.2945	И
AUDUSD	0.7339	0.7368	0.7383	0.7426	0.7440	R
EURGBP	0.8625	0.8659	0.8703	0.8736	0.8751	Ы
USDMYR	4.2385	4.2749	4.2860	4.2929	4.3056	Я
EURMYR	4.7916	4.7962	4.8074	4.8254	4.8358	Ы
JPYMYR	3.8159	3.8297	3.8401	3.8706	3.8790	Ы
GBPMYR	5.4906	5.5092	5.5259	5.5441	5.5604	7
SGDMYR	3.0797	3.0870	3.0920	3.1024	3.1071	Ы
AUDMYR	3.1412	3.1524	3.1648	3.1717	3.1898	И
NZDMYR	3.0094	3.0131	3.0288	3.0364	3.0439	Ы

^{*}at time of writing

	Last Price	DoD %	YTD %	Name	Last Price	DoD %	YTD %
KLCI	1763.1	-0.2	7.4	CRB Index	179.1	-0.38	-7.0
Dow Jones Ind.	21144.2	0.6	7.0	WTI oil (\$/bbl)	48.4	0.08	-10.0
S&P 500	2430.1	0.8	8.5	Brent oil (\$/bbl)	50.6	-0.30	-10.9
FTSE 100	7543.8	0.3	5.6	Gold (S/oz)	1266.0	-0.20	10.3
Shanghai	3102.6	-0.5	0.0	CPO (RM/tonne)	2777.0	-1.23	-13.2
Hang Seng	25809.2	0.6	17.3	Copper (\$/tonne)	5699.0	0.30	3.0
STI	3236.0	0.8	12.3	Rubber (sen/kg)	633.0	-0.16	-1.9
Source: Bloomberg							

Economic Data						
	For	Actual	Last	Survey		
MY Nikkei PMI	May	48.7	50.7			
US ADP employment change	May	253k	174k	180k		
US initial jobless claims	May-27	248k	235k	238k		
US Markit manufacturing PMI	May F	52.7	52.8	52.5		
US ISM manufacturing	May	54.9	54.8	54.7		
UK Nationwide house prices YOY	Мау	2.10%	2.60%	2.40%		
UK Markit PMI manufacturing SA	May	56.7	57.3	56.5		
EU Markit manufacturing PMI	May F	57.0	56.7	57.0		
JP Nikkei manufacturing PMI	May F	53.1	52.7			
CH Caixin manufacturing PMI	May	49.6	50.3	50.1		
AU retail sales MOM	Apr	1.00%	-0.20%	0.30%		
VN Nikkei manufacturing PMI	May	51.6	54.1			

Source: Bloomberg

Macroeconomics

- Fed Governor Jerome Powell said yesterday that while shrinking the balance sheet of \$ 4.5 trillion remained on the table, the size of reduction will likely not exceed \$ 2 trillion over the next five years. Markets now priced in 88% probability of an interest rate hike in June's FOMC meeting as strong labor market and confidence in achieving price stability laid the grounds for higher interest rates.
- Private companies in the US added more employees than expected last month, survey from ADP showed. ADP showed that firms added 253k workers to payrolls in May after a 174k increase in April. The number of jobless claims rose more than expected to 248k last week (previous week: 235k) but continued to point to resilience in the labor market. ISM and Markit manufacturing PMI indicated that the factories were expanding at healthy pace last month. ISM manufacturing PMI ticked up to 54.9 in May (April: 54.8) while the Markit PMI reading was revised higher to 52.7 (previous estimate: 52.5).
- Surveys also indicated healthy growth in factories production in the euro zone and UK. The euro zone's manufacturing gauge climbed to 57.0 (April: 56.7) while the UK's dropped to 56.7 in May (April: 57.3). Even with a softer reading, the latter remained well above 50, the threshold separating expansion from contraction.
- China's Caixin manufacturing PMI, a gauge of small and medium size manufacturers, slipped below 50 for the first time in May since June 2016. The index slipped to 49.6 last month (April: 50.3), contradicting a rather optimistic official manufacturing PMI number (May: 51.2).
- In other Asian countries, Japan Nikkei manufacturing PMI climbed to three month high of 53.1 in May (April: 52.7) while Vietnam Nikkei manufacturing PMI slipped to fourteen month low of 51.6 in May (April: 54.1). After climbing above 50 for the first time in two years, Malaysia's Nikkei manufacturing PMI tumbled 2.0 point to 48.7 in May.
- Australia's retail sales grew 1.00% MOM in April (March: -0.20% MOM) and advanced at its quickest pace in 31 months. Last month's figure was driven by a surge in food sales coupled with higher cafes and restaurants revenue.



Economic Calendar Release Date								
Country	Date	Event	Reporting Period	Survey	Prior	Revised		
Malaysia US		Exports YoY	Apr	22.30%	24.10%			
US	06/02 06/05	Change in Nonfarm Payrolls Trade Balance Unemployment Rate Markit US Services PMI ISM Non-Manf. Composite Factory Orders Durable Goods Orders	May Apr May May F May Apr Apr	182k -\$46.1b 4.40% 57.0 -0.20%	211k -\$43.7b 4.40% 54 57.5 0.20% -0.70%	 0.50%		
UK	06/02 06/05	Markit/CIPS UK Construction PMI Markit/CIPS UK Services PMI	May May	52.6 55.1	53.1 55.8			
Euro zone Japan	06/02 06/02 06/05	PPI YoY Consumer Confidence Index Nikkei Japan PMI Services	Apr May May	4.50% 43.5	3.90% 43.2 52.2	 		
China Hong Kong Singapore	06/05 Caixin Chi ng 06/05 Nikkei Hor re 06/02 Purchasin	Caixin China PMI Services Nikkei Hong Kong PMI Purchasing Managers Index Nikkei Singapore PMI	May May May May	 50.9 	51.5 51.1 51.1 52.6	 		
Australia 06/02 06/05	HIA New Home Sales MoM AiG Perf of Services Index	Apr May		-1.10% 53				

Source: Bloomberg

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≻Forex

MYR

- MYR fell against a firmer USD, by 0.12% to 4.2863 at close and was weaker against 5 G10s amid risk-off in the markets.
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USD

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- Expect USD to stay firm today but caution against some pullback ahead of crucial nonfarm payroll print tonight. An upbeat print will likely reinforce USD strength. Technically, bearish bias continues to prevail, suggesting likelihood of further losses, to 96.75 in the next leg down after the current rebound runs its course.

EUR

- EUR fell 0.28% to 1.1213 against a firmer USD but traded mixed against G10s. As expected, upbeat PMI manufacturing in the Eurozone failed to lift the EUR and we expect the same from PPI print today.
- EUR will likely attempt to rebound but we are not optimistic of any EUR gains unless US nonfarm payroll significantly surprised on the downside, which is unlikely in our view. EURUSD remains technically bullish but momentum indicator has dipped into slight negative again. The pair is still on track to test 1.1254 provided it doesn't close below 1.1164.

GBP

- GBP pared losses in Asian and European sessions to close only 0.06% weaker against the USD at 1.2882. The sterling however advanced against other G10s.
- Stay bearish on GBP against USD, more so if the greenback strengthens on upbeat job report tonight. Negative momentum prevails and the pair is still on track to test 1.2827. A close below this level will increase the bearishness in the pair, paving the path to the next level lower at 1.2665.

JPY

- JPY weakened 0.53% to 111.37 against the USD amid paring of demand for safety.
- JPY will likely stay bearish today amid improving risk sentiments in the market. Technical outlook remains bearish for USDJPY and we maintain our target for the next move down to 110.51.

AUD

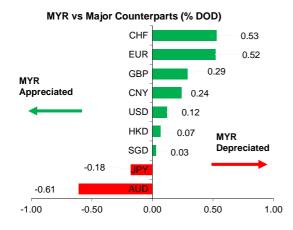
- AUD fell 0.75% to 0.7375 against a rebounding USD, and underperformed all G10s.
- Attempted rebound in AUD is likely today amid improving risk appetite. However, technicals remain bearish and the pair is poised to head towards 0.7338 next.

SGD

- SGD closed 0.24% weaker against USD at 1.3865 and fell against 5 G10s.
- Expect SGD to stay slightly bearish in anticipation of sustained USD strength. Technically the pair remains bearish but downside momentum continues to retreat. We expect USDSGD to test 1.3806 going forward, and if this level is broken, the pair is expected to slide lower to 1.3631.



Source: Bloomberg



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