

## **Global Markets Research**

# **Daily Market Highlights**

## **Key Takeaways**

- The new year started with scanty and a more modest bag of economic releases. China's PMI manufacturing grew at a slightly slower pace in December but the services sector continued to gather speed thanks to an improvement in wage growth. Down under, two different gauges on manufacturing by CBA and AiG diverged, but both showed manufacturing activities remained expansionary in December.
- This morning, advance estimate on Singapore's 4Q GDP surprised on the upside, even though it marked an expected slowdown from the 5.4% YOY growth in 3Q. Quicker growth in services was offset by contractions in manufacturing and construction. Advance estimate showed the Singapore economy grew 3.1% YOY in 4Q, bringing full year growth to 3.5% YOY in 2017, a pick-up from 2.0% in 2016.
- USD fell to the bottom of the G10 list in 2017 after a promising start while the Dollar Index tumbled 9.9% YOY to 92.12 as expectations of higher inflation to drive quicker policy tightening faltered. Stay bearish on USD on technical reasons. Technical outlook remains pessimistic for the Dollar Index and looks poised to test 91.98 next. Breaking below this exposes a drop to 91.57. Rebounds cannot be ruled out, but gains will likely be capped by 92.59.
- ➤ MYR strengthened 9.8%YOY in 2017 to 4.0465 against USD and bested 7 G10s along the way, supported by improved growth outlook and policy normalization prospects. MYR is bullish against USD as buying interest is likely to return post-holidays, supported by firmer oil prices. Technical outlook remains negative for USDMYR, with room for further losses to circa 4.0220. Do not rule out a rebound after recent losses, but gains, if any, will be capped by 4.0605 4.0640 before trending lower.
- SGD also rallied on firmer market risk appetite to beat 5 G10s and strengthened 7.66% YOY in 2017 to 1.3360 against USD. Expect a bullish SGD against weak USD as risk appetite is likely to revive post-holidays. Downsides in USDSGD still prevail amid continued build-up in bearish bias. The pair is likely heading to 1.3300 next but caution that this level could trigger a modest rebound to 1.3350.

### **Overnight Economic Data**

China Australia Singapore



## What's Coming Up Next

### **Major Data**

- Malaysia Nikkei PMI
- > US, Eurozone and UK Markit manufacturing PMIs
- China Caixin manufacturing PMI

### **Major Events**

Nil

|                     | Daily S | upports    | – Resistan | ces (spot | prices)* |         |  |
|---------------------|---------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|---------|--|
|                     | S2      | <b>S</b> 1 | Indicative | R1        | R2       | Outlook |  |
| EURUSD              | 1.1980  | 1.2004     | 1.2012     | 1.2020    | 1.2033   | 7       |  |
| USDJPY              | 112.43  | 112.59     | 112.77     | 112.98    | 113.06   | Ä       |  |
| GBPUSD              | 1.3485  | 1.3500     | 1.3514     | 1.3520    | 1.3550   | 7       |  |
| AUDUSD              | 0.7769  | 0.7800     | 0.7806     | 0.7814    | 0.7817   | 7       |  |
| EURGBP              | 0.8870  | 0.8883     | 0.8890     | 0.8892    | 0.8900   | 7       |  |
|                     |         |            |            |           |          |         |  |
| USDMYR              | 4.0320  | 4.0350     | 4.0385     | 4.0400    | 4.0477   | Ä       |  |
| EURMYR              | 4.8429  | 4.8500     | 4.8517     | 4.8604    | 4.8700   | 7       |  |
| <b>JPYMYR</b>       | 3.5750  | 3.5790     | 3.5819     | 3.5850    | 3.5902   | Ä       |  |
| GBPMYR              | 5.4500  | 5.4550     | 5.4592     | 5.4642    | 5.4694   | 7       |  |
| SGDMYR              | 3.0194  | 3.0220     | 3.0245     | 3.0275    | 3.0300   | 7       |  |
| AUDMYR              | 3.1452  | 3.1500     | 3.1526     | 3.1541    | 3.1582   | Ä       |  |
| NZDMYR              | 2.8600  | 2.8631     | 2.8674     | 2.8712    | 2.8740   | Ä       |  |
|                     |         |            |            |           |          |         |  |
| USDSGD              | 1.3300  | 1.3320     | 1.3353     | 1.3372    | 1.3384   | Ä       |  |
| EURSGD              | 1.6000  | 1.6020     | 1.6044     | 1.6055    | 1.6080   | 7       |  |
| GBPSGD              | 1.8029  | 1.8041     | 1.8050     | 1.8072    | 1.8092   | 7       |  |
| AUDSGD              | 1.0400  | 1.0410     | 1.0424     | 1.0446    | 1.0462   | u       |  |
| *at time of writing |         |            |            |           |          |         |  |

**7** = above 0.1% gain; **¥** = above 0.1% loss; **→** = less than 0.1% gain / loss

|                   | Last Price | DoD %             | YTD %    | Name               | Last Price | DoD % | YTD % |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|----------|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| KLCI              | 1796.8     | 1.0               | 0.0      | CRB Index          | 193.9      | 0.43  | 0.0   |
| Dow Jones Ind.    | 24719.2    | -0.5              | 0.0      | WTI oil (\$/bbl)   | 60.4       | 0.97  | 12.5  |
| S&P 500           | 2673.6     | -0.5              | 0.0      | Brent oil (\$/bbl) | 66.7       | 0.40  | 0.0   |
| FTSE 100          | 7687.8     | 0.9               | 0.0      | Gold (S/oz)        | 1295.0     | 0.60  | 10.8  |
| Shanghai          | 3307.2     | 0.3               | 0.0      | CPO (RM/tonne)     | 2390.0     | -1.75 | -25.3 |
| Hang Seng         | 29919.2    | 0.2               | 0.0      | Copper (\$/tonne)  | 7125.0     | -0.58 | 30.9  |
| STI               | 3402.9     | 0.1               | 0.0      | Rubber (sen/kg)    | 462.5      | -0.86 | -28.3 |
| Source: Bloomberg | * all      | last closed on 29 | Dec 2017 |                    |            | •     |       |



#### **Economic Data** For Actual Last Survey CH manufacturing PMI 51.6 51.8 51.6 Dec CH non-manufacturing PMI 55.0 54 8 54 7 Dec SG GDP YOY 4Q A 3.1% 5.4% 2.6% AU CBA manufacturing PMI Dec 57.1 56.3 AU AiG performance of Dec 56.2 57.3 manufacturing index

Source: Bloomberg

### Macroeconomics

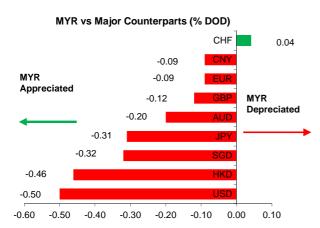
- China's manufacturing sector grew at a slightly slower pace in Dec as the official PMI indicated, sliding to 51.6 from 51.8, largely impacted by government crackdown on pollution. Meanwhile, the services sector continued to expand at a healthy pace; the services PMI inched higher to 55.0 in Dec from 54.8, suggesting an improving wage growth that supports demand for services.
- The CBA and AiG gauges on manufacturing performance in Australia contrasted. CBA's PMI climbed to 57.1 in Dec from 56.3, indicating a quicker expansion and suggest that growth has been strongest since Dec 2016. The AiG index however, slipped to 56.2 in Dec from 57.3, weighed down by slower growth in new orders, employment and average wages.
- Early estimates of Singapore's 4Q GDP came in at 3.1% YOY, expectedly slowing from an upwardly revised 5.4% in 3Q but still beat forecast of 2.6%. Annually, the economy grew 3.5% YOY in 2017, improving from 2.0% in 2016. 4Q GDP was driven by quicker growth in services sector (4Q: +7.5% vs 3Q: +3.4%), but headline figure was weighed down by contraction in construction (4Q: -3.6% vs 3Q: -5.5%) and sharp decline in manufacturing (4Q: -11.5% vs 3Q: +38.0%).
- A quick review on the major economies in 2017; global growth outlook improved with demand picking up across major economies, evident from stronger exports growth and rising commodity prices. Though uneven and at an early stage, growth showed firmer footing in the US, Eurozone, Japan and even the Brexit-threatened UK. In China, "slowdown" remained a relative term as growth outperformed expectations and likely headed to a better than forecast 2017.
- Barring any major disruptions, global growth is expected to remain
  on an expansionary albeit modest and uneven pace. Inflation will be
  key to watch, especially in the US, Eurozone and Japan, as it could
  be key to determining policies going forward.
- Policy-wise, normalization was the main theme for the US, UK (though one-off) and China, while the Eurozone largely disappointed markets with an extension of the timeline of its QE programme, even though pace of purchases was expectedly reduced. More may be joining the normalization path in Asia, led by South Korea and Malaysia, both of which have benefited from a revival in global demand.

| Economic Calendar Release Date |      |                                |                  |        |       |         |  |  |
|--------------------------------|------|--------------------------------|------------------|--------|-------|---------|--|--|
| Country                        | Date | Event                          | Reporting Period | Survey | Prior | Revised |  |  |
| Malaysia                       | 1/2  | Nikkei Malaysia PMI            | Dec              |        | 52.0  |         |  |  |
| US                             | 1/2  | Markit manufacturing PMI       | Dec F            | 55.0   | 55.0  |         |  |  |
|                                | 1/3  | MBA mortgage applications      | Dec 29           |        | -4.9% |         |  |  |
|                                |      | ISM manufacturing              | Dec              | 58.2   | 58.2  |         |  |  |
| Eurozone                       | 1/2  | Markit manufacturing PMI       | Dec F            | 60.6   | 60.6  |         |  |  |
| UK                             | 1/2  | Markit manufacturing PMI       | Dec              | 57.9   | 58.2  |         |  |  |
|                                | 1/3  | Markit / CIPS construction PMI | Dec              | 53.1   | 53.1  |         |  |  |
| China                          | 1/2  | Caixin manufacturing PMI       | Dec              | 50.7   | 50.8  |         |  |  |
| Hong Kong                      | 1/3  | Retail sales YOY               | Nov              | 4.2%   | 3.9%  |         |  |  |
| Singapore                      | 1/3  | Purchasing Managers Index      | Dec              |        | 52.9  |         |  |  |
| Source: Bloombe                | erg  |                                |                  |        |       |         |  |  |



#### **FX Table**

| Nam e           | Last Price | DoD%                                   | High   | Low    | YTD%               |  |  |
|-----------------|------------|----------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------------------|--|--|
| EURUSD          | 1.2005     | 0.06                                   | 1.2012 | 1.1995 | 0.1                |  |  |
| USDJPY          | 112.69     | -0.05                                  | 112.79 | 112.60 | 0.0                |  |  |
| GBPUSD          | 1.3513     | -0.07                                  | 1.3523 | 1.3503 | 0.0                |  |  |
| AUDUSD          | 0.7809     | -0.05                                  | 0.7812 | 0.7801 | -0.1               |  |  |
| EURGBP          | 0.8881     | 0.05                                   | 0.8965 | 0.8818 | 0.1                |  |  |
|                 |            |                                        |        |        |                    |  |  |
| USDMYR          | 4.0465     | -0.50                                  | 4.0660 | 4.0458 | <mark>-9</mark> .8 |  |  |
| EURMYR          | 4.8483     | -0. <mark>09</mark>                    | 4.8625 | 4.8398 | 3.0                |  |  |
| JPYMYR          | 3.5951     | -0.31                                  | 3.6028 | 3.5940 | <mark>-6</mark> .4 |  |  |
| GBPMYR          | 5.4638     | -0.12                                  | 5.4660 | 5.4546 | -1.2               |  |  |
| SGDMYR          | 3.0290     | -0. <mark>3</mark> 2                   | 3.0391 | 3.0290 | <b>-2</b> .3       |  |  |
| AUDMYR          | 3.1618     | - <mark>0.2</mark> 0                   | 3.1730 | 3.1561 | <b>-2</b> .3       |  |  |
| NZDMYR          | 2.8798     | -0. <mark>0</mark> 8                   | 2.8902 | 2.8700 | <b>-7</b> .7       |  |  |
| Source: Bloombe | rg ,       | * MYR pairs last closed on 29 Dec 2017 |        |        |                    |  |  |



## >Forex

### MYR

- MYR strengthened 9.8%YOY in 2017 to 4.0465 against USD and bested 7
  G10s along the way, supported by improved growth outlook and policy
  normalization prospects.
- MYR is bullish against USD as buying interest is likely to return post-holidays, supported by firmer oil prices. Technical outlook remains negative for USDMYR, with room for further losses to circa 4.0220. Do not rule out a rebound after recent losses, but gains, if any, will be capped by 4.0605 – 4.0640 before trending lower.

#### USD

- USD fell to the bottom of the G10 list in 2017 after a promising start while the Dollar Index tumbled 9.9% YOY to 92.12 as expectations of higher inflation to drive quicker policy tightening faltered.
- Stay bearish on USD on technical reasons. Technical outlook remains
  pessimistic for the Dollar Index and looks poised to test 91.98 next. Breaking
  below this exposes a drop to 91.57. Rebounds cannot be ruled out, but gains will
  likely be capped by 92.59.

#### **EUR**

- EUR surged 14.15% YOY in 2017 to 1.2005 against a weak USD and beat all G10s, mostly due to increased bets on an earlier than expected ECB rate hike amid gradual improvement in the economic front.
- EUR remains slightly bullish against a weak USD with more room for upsides
  if Eurozone data improves. Caution on potential decline to 1.1943 as a correction
  to recent rally before continuing higher. EURUSD is likely aiming at 1.2092, but
  firm resistances at 1.2020, 1.2033 and 1.2070 could thwart this move.

#### **GBP**

- GBP advanced 8.68% YOY in 2017 to 1.3513 against USD and rose against 6
  G10s, supported by progress in Brexit negotiations, better than expected UK
  economic performance and a one-off BOE rate hike.
- We are slightly bullish on GBP against a weak USD, though gains may narrow
  if UK's data underperforms. GBPUSD remains tilted to the upside amid rising
  positive momentum. The pair is likely to test 1.3571 soon, a gateway to 1.3657.

### JPY

- JPY returned most gains from refuge demand to settle lower against 8 G10s but advanced 3.65% YOY in 2017 to 112.69 against a weak USD.
- Stay slightly bullish on JPY as USD remains soft, supporting demand for refuge. Unless USDJPY can recapture above 112.98, the pair is taking aim at 111.90 next.

### **AUD**

- AUD was supported by market risk appetite, firmer commodities as well as a resilient China to beat 5 G10s and climbed 7.7% YOY to 0.7809 against USD.
- AUD is likely to remain bullish against a soft USD, further supported by likelihood of returning upsides in market sentiment. Bullish bias still prevails but AUDUSD appears to be finding difficulty in breaking the firm 0.7814 0.7817 range. Bypassing this is crucial to sustain the advance to 0.7887, otherwise, a return to 0.7740 is likely in the coming weeks.

### SGD

- SGD also rallied on firmer market risk appetite to beat 5 G10s and strengthened
   7.66% YOY in 2017 to 1.3360 against USD.
- Expect a bullish SGD against weak USD as risk appetite is likely to revive post-holidays. Downsides in USDSGD still prevail amid continued build-up in bearish bias. The pair is likely heading to 1.3300 next but caution that this level could trigger a modest rebound to 1.3350.



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