

Global Markets Research

Daily Market Highlights

Key Takeaways

- Overnight US and Europe equity markets saw a relief rally spurred by positive corporate earnings as well as a correction in US treasuries yields after recent spikes. Focus was on ECB where it maintained its main refinancing rate as widely expected. ECB acknowledged broadbased moderation in growth momentum in its member countries and reiterated that inflation will remain below the central bank's 2% target this year but offered no fresh leads on future policy quidance.
- Data was a mixed bag globally. US data continued to reaffirm the case of a tightening labour market but business spending remained subdued. Sentiments in the UK remained weak as evident in extended negative prints in GfK consumer confidence and CBI retailing sales. Jobs market in Japan remained steady but growth in retail spending was a tad softer, contrary to quicker increase in industrial production. Hong Kong exports picked up again in March post-seasonal swings while Singapore industrial production reported a slightly slower increase with electronics production being the key support.
- USD strengthened against 9 G10s while the DXY recovered from a dip in US morning and rallied to close 0.43% to 91.56, supported by extended weakness in European majors. Stay slightly bearish on USD amid risk aversion heading into 1Q US GDP release. DXY remains still technically bullish while above 90.88 and is now set to test 91.70 but before that, we reckon there may be another pullback as part of a corrective move to yesterday's rally.
- MYR slipped 0.16% to 3.9177 against a firmer USD but was firmer against 9 G10s, supported by improved regional market sentiment. Expect a slightly bearish MYR against a stronger overnight USD. Upside bias continues to strengthen in USDMYR. USDMYR is now exposed to test at 3.9255 but we still caution that risk of rejection is likely getting stronger approaching the 3.9255 - 3.9290 range. A break here pushes USDMYR higher to 3.9430.
- SGD was also supported by firmer risk appetite to beat all G10s, including climbing 0.12% to 1.3274 against USD. We turn bearish on SGD against USD, weighed down by expected risk aversion in the markets. USDSGD remains tilted to the upsides and is likely to test 1.3300 next. A break here exposes a move to 1.3340 next.

Eco Overnight Economic Data US UK Japan Hong Kong Singapore New Zealand

What's Coming Up Next

- > US 1Q GDP, U. of Michigan Sentiment
- Eurozone Economic Confidence, Business Climate Indicator, Consumer Confidence
- > UK 1Q GDP. Gfk Consumer Confidence
- > Japan Housing Starts, Construction Orders
- > Singapore Unemployment rate
- Australia PPI

Major Events

> BOJ monetary policy meeting

	Daily Supports – Resistances (spot prices)*					
	S2	S1	Indicative	R1	R2	Outloo
EURUSD	1.2080	1.2100	1.2106	1.2117	1.2148	7
USDJPY	108.53	109.00	109.29	109.47	109.78	Ä
GBPUSD	1.3858	1.3902	1.3913	1.3924	1.3932	ĸ
AUDUSD	0.7500	0.7538	0.7552	0.7565	0.7590	Ä
EURGBP	0.8680	0.8692	0.8700	0.8706	0.8716	7
USDMYR	3.9142	3.9200	3.9220	3.9267	3.2990	71
EURMYR	4.7366	4.7406	4.7478	4.7520	4.7557	u
JPYMYR	3.5792	3.5832	3.5908	3.5929	3.5971	7
GBPMYR	5.4460	5.4509	5.4569	5.4633	5.4722	u
SGDMYR	2.9471	2.9500	2.9518	2.9539	2.9559	Ŋ
AUDMYR	2.9555	2.9600	2.9613	2.9648	2.9700	Ä
NZDMYR	2.7620	2.7650	2.7672	2.7700	2.7729	Ŋ
USDSGD	1.3244	1.3260	1.3283	1.3290	1.3300	7
EURSGD	1.6060	1.6070	1.6078	1.6090	1.6104	Ŋ
GBPSGD	1.8435	1.8443	1.8484	1.8505	1.8538	¥
AUDSGD	1.0005	1.0020	1.0030	1.0046	1.0060	Ŋ
* at time of w	riting					

7 = above 0/1% gain; **¥** = above 0.1% loss; **→** = less than 0.1% gain /

	Last Price	DoD %	YTD %	Name	Last Price	DoD %	YTD %
KLCI	1852.3	0.0	3.1	CRB Index	201.2	0.26	3.8
Dow Jones Ind.	24322.3	1.0	-1.6	WTI oil (\$/bbl)	68.2	0.21	12.9
S&P 500	2666.9	1.0	-0.2	Brent oil (\$/bbl)	74.7	1.00	11.6
FTSE 100	7421.4	0.6	-3.5	Gold (S/oz)	1316.8	-0.05	1.1
Shanghai	3075.0	-1.4	-7.0	CPO (RM/tonne)	2388.0	0.06	-0.1
Hang Seng	30007.7	-1.1	0.3	Copper (\$/tonne)	6965.0	-0.61	-3.9
STI	3570.0	0.1	4.9	Rubber (sen/kg)	446.5	0.22	-3.5
Source: Bloomberg		-	-			-	-



Economic Data For Actual Last Survey 21 233k **US Initial Jobless Claims** 209k 230k Apr (revised) US Wholesales Inventories MOM Mar P 0.5% 1.0% 0.7% 3.5% US Durable Goods Orders MOM Mar P 2.6% 1.6% (revised) US Kansas City Fed Manf. Activity Apr 26 17 17 26 EU ECB Main Refinancing Rate 0.000% 0.000% 0.000% Apr UK CBI Retailing Reported Sales -2 -8 -3 Apr UK Gfk Consumer Confidence Apr -9 -7 -7 JP Jobless Rate Mar 2.5% 2.5% 2.5% 1.7% JP Retail Trade (Sales) YOY Mar 1.0% 1.5% (revised) JP Industrial Production YOY Mar P 2.2% 1.6% 2.0% **HK Export YOY** Mar 8.0% 1.7% 3 1% HK Trade Balance HKD -55.5b -42.7b Mar -50.0b 6.7% SG Industrial Production YOY 5.9% Mar 5.7% (revised) NZ ANZ Consumer Confidence 120.5 128.0 April 172m NZ Trade Balance NZ\$ -86m 275m Mar (revised) 4.43b NZ Export NZ\$ Mar 4.85b 4.91b (revised)

Source: Bloomberg

Macroeconomics

- The ECB left its key interest rates unchanged as widely expected and signaled no change of monetary policy stance from the previous meeting. The central bank acknowledged the moderation of the Eurozone economy in the first few months of 2018 with President Draghi stressing that some normalization was expected following a few quarters of strong growth in 2017. The loss of momentum was broad based across countries and all sectors. Policy outlook was not discussed in the meeting as it is premature to decide whether factors contributing to the slowdown were permanent or temporary such as cold weather, strike and timing of Easter. Draghi said that a moderate rise in February inflation was due to the rise in food prices but even after factoring in recent increase in oil prices, inflation is set to remain below the ECB target of close to but below 2% for the remainder of the year. Underlying inflation remained subdued and is yet to show convincing sign of sustainable trend. At the external front, risk surrounding global factors such as threats of rising protectionism have become more prominent but did not translate into any substantial impact so far but could potentially affect confidence. Draghi cited that overall growth assessment was "one of caution and tempered by unchanged confidence" that inflation will converge to the ECB target in the medium term and growth is expected to be solid and broad based. The euro spiked after the rates decision but plunged after Draghi's press conference.
- Initial jobless claims in the US fell by 24k to a seasonally adjusted 209k (Previous: 233k revised) for the week ended 21 April, its lowest level since Dec-1969, reaffirming that the disappointing March nonfarm payroll was merely a payback following large job gains in February. To recap, a total of 326k jobs were added in February whereas hiring slowed in March with only 103k new jobs added, raising concerns of easing of jobs markets, economists widely dismissed the drop as a blip. Lower jobless claims signaled a still firm labour market which will in turn push up wage growth and then inflations.
- Durable goods orders in the US slowed to increase 2.6% MOM in March (Feb: +3.5% revised) driven by a 7.6% monthly surge in transportation equipment. Excluding transportations, total orders were unchanged, recording a 0% growth. Orders on aircrafts increased a whopping 44.5% w0/5%hich managed to offset weakness in other categories. Nondefense capital goods excluding aircrafts, a key gauge of investment spending slipped 0.1% MOM (Feb: +0.9% revised), down for three out of the first four months, signaling a softer growth momentum for 1Q18. In a separate release, wholesale inventories eased after accelerating for four months to gain 0.5% MOM in March (Feb: +1.0%). Retail inventories dropped 0.4% (Feb: +0.4%) which coincides with the surging retail sales in March as Americans started to shop for spring time. Meanwhile the Kansas City Fed Manufacturing Activity Index jumped to an all-time high to 26.0 in April (Mar: 17.0) signaling tremendous improvement in manufacturing sentiments in the district.
- Sentiment remained weak in the UK. The Gfk Consumer Confidence Index weakened to -9 in April (Mar: -7) while the CBI Retailing Reported Sales maintained a negative reading of -2 in April (March: -8).
- Preliminary reading shows that Japan industrial production rose 2.2% YOY in March (Feb: +1.6%). Retail sales eased to increase 1.0% YOY in the same month (Feb: +1.7% revised) dragged by declines in general merchandise and motor vehicles while sales in apparels and accessories increased. Unemployment rate steadied at 2.5% for the second consecutive month in March as expected (Feb: 2.5%) while job-to-applicant ratio rose to 1.59 (Feb: 1.58).
- Hong Kong trade deficit widened to HK\$ 55.5b as imports rebounded to increase 10.7% YOY (Feb: -3.2%) whereas exports jumped by 8.0% YOY (Feb: +1.7%) following a slowdown in February when Chinese new year was celebrated.
- Industrial production in Singapore rose slightly more than expected in March.
 Output rose 5.9% YOY (Feb: +6.7%) due to the increase in electronics
 productions. This is in line with the advance 1Q GDP which increased 4.3% YOY
 (4Q17: +3.6%) as growth in manufacturing quickened but construction sector
 contracted.
- New Zealand's trade balance swung from a revised surplus of NZ\$172m to a
 deficit of NZ\$86m. Exports rose 14% YOY while import soared by 88%.
 Meanwhile the ANZ consumer confidence index fell to 120.5 in April (March:
 128.0).

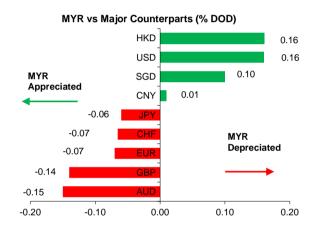


Economic Calendar Release Date								
Country	Date	Event	Reporting Period	Survey	Prior	Revised		
US	27/4	GDP Annualized QOQ	1Q A	2.0%	2.9%			
		U. of Michigan Sentiment	Apr F	98.0	97.8			
	30/4	Personal Income	Mar	0.4%	0.4%			
		Personal Spending	Mar	0.4%	0.2%			
		PCE Core YOY	Mar	2.0%	1.6%			
		Chicago Purchasing Manager	Apr	58.0	57.4			
		Pending Home Sales MOM	Mar	0.5%	3.1%			
		Dallas Fed Manf. Activity	Apr	25.0	21.4			
Eurozone	27/4	Economic Confidence	Apr	112.0	112.6			
		Business Climate Indicator	Apr	1.28	1.34			
		Consumer Confidence	Apr F	-0.1	0.4			
UK	27/4	GDP QOQ	1Q A	0.3%	0.4%			
Japan	27/4	Housing Starts YOY	Mar	-4.8%	-2.6%			
		Construction Orders YOY	Mar		19.2%			
		BOJ Policy Balance Rate	27 Apr	-0.100%	-0.100%			
China	30/4	Non-Manufacturing PMI	Apr	54.5	54.6			
		Manufacturing PMI	Apr	51.3	51.5			
Singapore	27/4	Unemployment rate SA	1Q	2.1%	2.1%			
Australia	27/4	PPI YOY	1Q		1.7%			
New Zealand	30/4	ANZ Activity Outlook	Apr		21.8			
		ANZ Business Confidence	Apr		-20.0			

Source: Bloomberg



FX Table					
Nam e	Last Price	DoD %	High	Low	YTD%
EURUSD	1.2103	<mark>-0.</mark> 48	1.221	1.2096	0.8
USDJPY	109.30	- <mark>0.</mark> 12	109.47	109.07	3.0
GBPUSD	1.3919	- <mark>0.</mark> 09	1.3998	1.3895	3.0
AUDUSD	0.7554	- <mark>0.</mark> 15	0.7589	0.7547	3.3
EURGBP	0.8695	<mark>-0.</mark> 40	0.8751	0.8681	2.1
USDMYR	3.9177	0.16	3.9213	3.9158	3.2
EURMYR	4.7710	- <mark>0</mark> 07	4.7777	4.7599	2.2
JPYMYR	3.5829	-0 <mark>.</mark> 06	3.5889	3.5767	0.3
GBPMYR	5.4514	- <mark>0.</mark> 14	5.4699	5.4460	0.3
SGDMYR	2.9517	0.10	2.9559	2.9451	2.7
AUDMYR	2.9628	-0.03	2.9725	2.9598	6.5
NZDMYR	2.7669	- <mark>0.</mark> 22	2.7729	2.7656	4.0
Source: Bloom	berg				



> Forex

MYR

- MYR slipped 0.16% to 3.9177 against a firmer USD but was firmer against 9 G10s, supported by improved regional market sentiment.
- Expect a slightly bearish MYR against a stronger overnight USD. Upside bias continues to strengthen in USDMYR. USDMYR is now exposed to test at 3.9255 but we still caution that risk of rejection is likely getting stronger approaching the 3.9255 – 3.9290 range. A break here pushes USDMYR higher to 3.9430.

USD

- USD strengthened against 9 G10s while the DXY recovered from a dip in US morning and rallied to close 0.43% to 91.56, supported by extended weakness in European majors.
- Stay slightly bearish on USD amid risk aversion heading into 1Q US GDP release; a softer than expected figure, read alongside rising yields, is likely to pressure the greenback further. DXY remains technically bullish while above 90.88 and is now set to test 91.70 but before that, we reckon there may be another pullback as part of a corrective move to yesterday's rally. Breaking above 91.70 exposes a move to 92.51.

EUR

- EUR fell 0.48% to 1.2103 against USD and retreated against 6 G10s, pressured by ECB's lack of clues to policy outlook and likely, the acknowledgment that inflation would remain below target this year.
- Stay slightly bullish on EUR against USD in line with our view of a softer USD though gains are likely soft. EURUSD remains technically bearish but we still expect a rebound to come first before extending further downsides. Gains are likely restricted by 1.2209, otherwise the rebound will sustain further upsides.

GBP

- GBP was supported by weakness in European majors to beat 8 G10s but fell 0.09% to 1.3919 against USD.
- Expect GBP to remain bearish against USD, weighed down by risk aversion ahead of UK GDP release; a softer than expected figure, along with recent dial back in BOE rate hike expectations, will pressure GBP. GBPUSD remains inclined to the downsides. A break below 1.3902 exposes a move to 1.3842.

JPY

- JPY rallied to beat all G10s and strengthened 0.12% to 109.30 against USD, supported by weakness in European majors.
- Continue to expect a slightly bullish on JPY against USD today, in anticipation of the greenback's pullback and likelihood of rising risk aversion heading into US GDP report. There is still room for additional gains in USDJPY, possibly beating 109.43 before mid-next week but first, a pullback is likely.

AUD

- AUD slipped 0.15% to 0.7554 against a firmer USD but advanced against 6
 G10s as risk appetite improved in the markets.
- We turn bearish on AUD against USD as risk appetite is likely to retreat ahead
 of US, UK GDP reports and going into the week's close. AUDUSD's rebound
 failed to sustain. Early break below 0.7550 will further encourage the bears,
 tilting AUDUSD lower and possibly testing 0.7500 next.

SGD

- SGD was also supported by firmer risk appetite to beat all G10s, including climbing 0.12% to 1.3274 against USD.
- We turn bearish on SGD against USD, weighed down by expected risk aversion in the markets. USDSGD remains tilted to the upsides and is likely to test 1.3300 next. A break here exposes a move to 1.3340 next.



Hong Leong Bank Berhad

Fixed Income & Economic Research, Global Markets Level 8, Menara Hong Leong 6, Jalan Damanlela Bukit Damansara 50490 Kuala Lumpur

Tel: 603-2081 1221 Fax: 603-2081 8936

Email: <u>HLMarkets@hlbb.hongleong.com.my</u>

DISCLAIMER

This report is for information purposes only and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any particular recipient. The information contained herein does not constitute the provision of investment advice and is not intended as an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of any of the financial instruments mentioned in this report and will not form the basis or a part of any contract or commitment whatsoever.

The information contained in this publication is derived from data obtained from sources believed by Hong Leong Bank Berhad ("HLBB") to be reliable and in good faith, but no warranties or guarantees, representations are made by HLBB with regard to the accuracy, completeness or suitability of the data. Any opinions expressed reflect the current judgment of the authors of the report and do not necessarily represent the opinion of HLBB or any of the companies within the Hong Leong Bank Group ("HLB Group"). The opinions reflected herein may change without notice and the opinions do not necessarily correspond to the opinions of HLBB. HLBB does not have an obligation to amend, modify or update this report or to otherwise notify a reader or recipient thereof in the event that any matter stated herein, or any opinion, projection, forecast or estimate set forth herein, changes or subsequently becomes inaccurate.

HLB Group, their directors, employees and representatives do not have any responsibility or liability to any person or recipient (whether by reason of negligence, negligent misstatement or otherwise) arising from any statement, opinion or information, expressed or implied, arising out of, contained in or derived from or omission from the reports or matter. HLBB may, to the extent permitted by law, buy, sell or hold significantly long or short positions; act as investment and/or commercial bankers; be represented on the board of the issuers; and/or engage in 'market making' of securities mentioned herein. The past performance of financial instruments is not indicative of future results. Whilst every effort is made to ensure that statements of facts made in this report are accurate, all estimates, projections, forecasts, expressions of opinion and other subjective judgments contained in this report are based on assumptions considered to be reasonable as of the date of the document in which they are contained and must not be construed as a representation that the matters referred to therein will occur. Any projections or forecasts mentioned in this report may not be achieved due to multiple risk factors including without limitation market volatility, sector volatility, corporate actions, the unavailability of complete and accurate information. No assurance can be given that any opinion described herein would yield favorable investment results. Recipients who are not market professional or institutional investor customer of HLBB should seek the advice of their independent financial advisor prior to taking any investment decision based on the recommendations in this report.

HLBB may provide hyperlinks to websites of entities mentioned in this report, however the inclusion of a link does not imply that HLBB endorses, recommends or approves any material on the linked page or accessible from it. Such linked websites are accessed entirely at your own risk. HLBB does not accept responsibility whatsoever for any such material, nor for consequences of its use.

This report is not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation. This report is for the use of the addressees only and may not be redistributed, reproduced or passed on to any other person or published, in part or in whole, for any purpose, without the prior, written consent of HLBB. The manner of distributing this report may be restricted by law or regulation in certain countries. Persons into whose possession this report may come are required to inform themselves about and to observe such restrictions. By accepting this report, a recipient hereof agrees to be bound by the foregoing limitations.