

# **Global Markets Research**

# **Daily Market Highlights**

### **Key Takeaways**

- Stocks sputtered, safe havens jumped on mounting Covid-19 fear. Equities sold off again in the US and Europe overnight following Wednesday's brief rebound as extended Covid-19 fear weighed on investor sentiment, dragging down major indexes back into the reds. Markets grappled with headlines of mounting cases and death tolls around the world; California declared a state of emergency after reporting its first death. Thursday's painful session saw the Dow Jones losing nearly 970pts or 3.6% and the S&P 500 and NASDAQ closing down 3.4% and 3.1%; European key stock benchmarks dropped around 1.5-2% while Asian markets finished on a mixed note. Investors bid up safe safe havens assets amid flight to safety, pushing treasuries yields lower by 10-16bps; 10Y UST yield plummeted 14bps DOD to below 1% again at an all-time low of 0.912%. Gold prices resumed more-than-2% climb to a seven-year high of \$1672.23/ounce. Crude oils fell despite news that OPEC has agreed to cut by an extra 1.5mil barrels per day until end 2Q2020 (in addition to current -2.1mil BPD that would last throughout 2020) on condition that Russia and other OPEC+ members would join in the effort to support falling crude oil prices hit bby Covid-19. Focus shifts to today's US nonfarm job report. Futures show that Asian shares are set to open lower today after the sell-off at Wallstreet.
- US data looked decent. Initial jobless claims fell by 3k to 216k last week, adding
  to signs of firm labour market. Core capital orders and shipments both recorded
  around 1% increases MOM pointing to larger business capex at the start of 2020.
   Japan household spending failed to recover even before Covid-19. Higher wage
  growth (+1.5%) however offered some short-term relief. Australia data
  underperformed as Jan retail sales fell 0.3% before Covid-19 hit and Feb
  services PMI dipped further in contraction area.
- US dollar continued to lose its lustre on Thursday. Pair notably weakened
  against the yen, Swiss franc, euro and pound. This came as equity markets
  returned to some nervousness. Markets are thinking that US data is looking
  backwards, with Covid-19 expected to spread further in the US. We are bearishto-neutral on the dollar today. We still anticipate some range moves against
  currencies with stretched positions in the immediate term (such as the EUR and
  JPY). However, the dollar may well weaken slightly against currencies at their
  lows (GBP and AUD).
- USDMYR closed lower for the second day, at 4.1630 (-0.38%) on extended dollar weakness resulting from Wednesday's Fed emergency rate cut. We are bearish on USDMYR on severe loss in momentum; bears are targeting 4.1600 before heading towards 4.1500 in the short term. That said, downside was capped by risk-aversion with markets now turning attention to tonight's US job report to assess the US labour market, pushing USDMYR back to 4.17-4.1800 in our view. Consensus is looking at a gain of 175k (Jan: +225k). A better than expected reading would give USD a much needed boost.

Overnight Economic Data				
US	<b>→</b>			
Japan	<b>Ψ</b>			
Singapore	<b>Ψ</b>			
Australia	Ψ			

# **What's Coming Up Next**

#### **Major Data**

- US Trade Balance, Nonfarm Job Report, Wholesale Inventories
- Japan Leading Index

#### **Major Events**

Nil

	Daily Supports – Resistances (spot prices)*						
	S2	S1	Indicative*	R1	R2	Outlook	
EURUSD	1.1096	1.1096	1.1220	1.1300	1.1412	<b>→</b>	
GBPUSD	1.2726	1.2830	1.2951	1.3000	1.3074	7	
USDJPY	104.46	106.00	106.27	107.50	108.39	7	
AUDUSD	0.6500	0.6550	0.6618	0.6686	0.6723	7	
EURGBP	0.8487	0.8535	0.8663	0.8807	0.8967	7	
USDSGD	1.3773	1.3800	1.3840	1.3900	1.3942	<b>→</b>	
USDMYR	4.1600	4.1700	4.1757	4.1900	4.2000	7	
EURMYR	4.6500	4.6625	4.6844	4.7016	4.7060	7	
<b>JPYMYR</b>	3.9000	3.9139	3.9316	3.9350	3.9500	7	
GBPMYR	5.3400	5.3619	5.4078	5.4200	5.4500	7	
SGDMYR	3.0030	3.0100	3.0174	3.0213	3.0270	7	
AUDMYR	2.7407	2.7500	2.7597	2.7696	2.7780	<b>→</b>	
NZDMYR	2.6100	2.6188	2.6372	2.6400	2.6500	<b>→</b>	

<sup>\*</sup> at time of writing

**7** = above 0.1% gain; **¥** = above 0.1% loss; → = less than 0.1% gain / loss

	Last Price	DoD %	YTD %	Name	Last Price	DoD %	YTD %
KLCI	1,491.03	0.07	<u>-6.</u> 15	CRB Index	162.37	-1.40	-12.61
Dow Jones Ind.	26,121.28	-3.58	<del>-8.</del> 47	WTI oil (\$/bbl)	45.90	-1.88	-24.83
S&P 500	3,023.94	-3.39	<mark>-6.</mark> 40	Brent oil (\$/bbl)	49.99	-2.23	-24.26
FTSE 100	6,705.43	-1.62	-11.10	Gold (S/oz)	1,672.23	2.16	10.11
Shanghai	3,071.68	1.99	0.71	CPO (RM/tonne)	2,432.00	2.27	-19.62
Hang Seng	26,767.87	2.08	<b>-5.</b> 04	Copper (\$/tonne)	5,684.00	0.31	-7.94
STI	3,018.27	-0.22	- <mark>6.</mark> 35	Rubber (sen/kg)	453.00	-0.22	0.11

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Source: Bloomberg



Economic Data							
	<u>For</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Last</u>	Survey			
US Initial Jobless Claims	Feb-29	216k	219k	215k			
US Factory Orders	Jan	-0.5%	1.9% (revised)	-0.1%			
US Durable Goods Orders	Jan F	-0.2%	2.8%	-0.2%			
US Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air	Jan F	1.2%	-0.8%				
JP Household Spending YoY	Jan	-3.9%	-4.8%	-4.0%			
JP Labour Cash Eamings YoY	Jan	1.5%	-0.2% (revised)	0.2%			
SG Retail Sales YoY	Jan	-5.3%	-3.4%				
AU AiG Perf of Services Index	Feb	47.0	47.4				
AU Retail Sales MoM	Jan	-0.3%	-0.7% (revised)	0.0%			

Source: Bloomberg

# Macroeconomics

- US initial jobless claims dropped to 216k: The number of Americans claiming for unemployment benefits fell by 3k to a seasonally adjusted 216k last week according to the Labor Department data. Number for the previous week was unrevised at 219k. The 4-week moving average of initial jobless claims, that removes week-to-week volatility, added 3.25k to 213k last week (previous: 209.75k)
- US business investment picked up in Jan: US headline factory orders dropped 0.5% MOM in January (Dec: +1.9% revised) thanks to a shap fall in the volatile defense orders (-39.8%). Durable goods orders were little changed (-0.2% vs +2.8%). Notably, orders and shipments of core capital goods orders (non-defense capital goods excluding aircrafts) rose 1.1% and 1.0% MOM respectively, indicating a rebound in business investment.
- · Japan household spending failed to recover before virus hit; Jump in pay likely temporary: Household spending dropped 3.9% YOY in January (Dec: -4.8%), marking its fourth month of back-to-back contraction since October when the government raised consumption tax (8% to 10%). The poor January print hasn't reflected the impact of Covid-19 spread in the country and was largely an extension of weak spending following the tax hike. The rapid spread of the virus in Japan removes hope of any recovery (in spending) in the near term on the back of weakening demand amid cautious consumer sentiment and falling visitor arrivals. On a brighter note, labour cash earnings, a gauge of wage growth topped estimate to record a 1.5% YOY growth thanks to a jump in regular or base pay (+1.4% vs +0.3%) alongside higher bonus payout (+10.4% vs -0.4%). Overtime pay continued to fall (-1.8% vs -2.3%) to indicate weak corporate activity at the start of the year, in line with the softer capital spending seen in the prior months. The stronger headline cash earnings in Jan looks to be temporary in our view as the job market, while remains tight has recently flashed signs of weaknesses.
- Singapore retail sales slipped in Jan, expect further decline in coming months: Singapore's retail sales fell 5.3% YOY in January, from -3.4% in December. Much of the drag is from motor vehicle sales, which contracted 33.6% YOY after a 24.1% decrease prior. Underlying retail sales (excluding motor vehicles) rose 0.6% YOY after a 0.1% increase a month ago. This was weighed down by department stores (-6.9% YOY), and telecommunications/computers (-6.4%). Supermarkets (8.7% YOY) and watches/jewelry (5.7%) was relatively strong. Retail sales is set to fall further in the coming months, as the impact of the Covid-19 outbreak set in.
- Australia services sector hit by Covid-19: Australia AiG Performance of Services Index slumped deeper into contraction area at 44.0 in February (Jan: 44.7), its third consecutive month of sub-50 reading to signal an even larger fall in Australian services activity. This reflects the impact of travelling bans and general aversion to travelling on the inbound tourism sector amid Covid-19 outbreak.
- Australia retail sales dropped before Covid-19: Adding to the bad news
  was the larger-than-expected fall in January retail sales. Retail sales
  dropped 0.3% MOM while Dec contraction was revised further down from
  0.5% to -0.7% MOM. Analysts had been expecting sales to be flat. Dec and
  Jan prints reflected the effect of bushfire, before the acceleration of the
  Covid-19 spread in China that led to travelling bans, suggesting that retail
  sales could fall further in Feb and March onwards.



Economic Calendar								
Date	Time	Country	Event	Reporting Period	Survey	Actual	Prior	Revised
02/03	08:30	Malaysia	Markit Malaysia PMI Mfg	Feb		48.5	48.8	
03/03	15:00		BNM Overnight Policy Rate	Mar-03	2.5%	2.5%	2.75%	
04/03	12:00		Exports YoY	Jan	-1.6%	-1.5%	2.7%	
	12:00		Imports YoY	Jan	-1.4%	-2.4%	0.9%	1.0%
06/03	15:00		Foreign Reserves	Feb-28			\$104.3b	
02/03	22:45	US	Markit US Manufacturing PMI	Feb F	50.8	50.7	51.9	
	23:00		Construction Spending MoM	Jan	0.6%	1.8%	-0.2%	-0.2%
	23:00		ISM Manufacturing	Feb	50.5	50.1	50.9	
04/03	20:00		MBA Mortgage Applications	Feb-28		15.1%	1.5%	
	21:15		ADP Employment Change	Feb	170k	183k	291k	209k
	22:45		Markit US Services PMI	Feb F	49.4	49.4	53.4	
	23:00		ISM Non-Manufacturing Index	Feb	54.9	57.3	55.5	
05/03	03:00		U.S. Federal Reserve Releases Beige Book					
	21:30		Initial Jobless Claims	Feb-29	215k	216k	219k	
	23:00		Factory Orders	Jan	-0.1%	-0.5%	1.8%	1.9%
	23:00		Durable Goods Orders	Jan F	-0.2%	-0.2%	2.8%	
	23:00		Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air	Jan F		1.1%	-0.8%%	
06/03	21:30		Trade Balance	Jan	-\$46.1b		-\$48.9b	
	21:30		Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Feb	175k		225k	
	21:30		Unemployment Rate	Feb	3.6%		3.6%	
	21:30		Average Hourly Earnings YoY	Feb	3.0%		3.1%	
	21:30		Labor Force Participation Rate	Feb	63.4%		63.4%	
	23:00		Wholesale Inventories MoM	Jan F	-0.2%		-0.2%	
02/03	17:00	Eurozone	Markit Eurozone Manufacturing PMI	Feb F	49.1	49.2	47.9	
03/03	18:00		CPI Estimate YoY	Feb	1.2%	1.2%	1.4%	
	18:00		PPI YoY	Jan	-0.4%	-0.5%	-0.7%	-0.6%
	18:00		Unemployment Rate	Jan	7.4%	7.4%	7.4%	
04/03	17:00		Markit Eurozone Services PMI	Feb F	52.8	52.6	52.5	
	18:00		Retail Sales MoM	Jan	0.6%	0.6%	-1.6%	-1.1%
02/03	17:30	UK	Markit UK PMI Manufacturing SA	Feb F	51.9	51.7	51.9	
04/03	17:30		Markit/CIPS UK Services PMI	Feb F	53.3	53.2	53.9	
02/03	07:50	Japan	Capital Spending YoY	4Q	-2.5%	-3.5%	7.1%	
	07:50	·	Company Profits YoY	4Q		-4.6%	-5.3%	
	08:30		Jibun Bank Japan PMI Mfg	Feb F		47.8	47.6	
04/03	08:30		Jibun Bank Japan PMI Services	Feb F		46.8	51.0	
06/03	07:30		Household Spending YoY	Jan	-4.0%	-3.9%	-4.8%	
	07:30		Labour Cash Earnings YoY	Jan	0.2%	1.5%	0.0%	-0.2%
06/03	13:00		Leading Index Cl	Jan P	91.1		91.6	
02/03	16:30	Hong Kong	Retail Sales Value YoY	Jan	-20.5%	-21.4%	-19.4%	
04/03	08:30	9	Markit Hong Kong PMI	Feb		33.1	46.8	
02/03	09:45	China	Caixin China PMI Mfg	Feb	46.0	40.3	51.1	
04/03	09:45		Caixin China PMI Services	Feb	48.0	26.5	51.8	
07/03	NA		Exports YoY	Feb	-17.5%			
	NA		Imports YoY	Feb	-15.0%			
03/03	21:00	Singapore	Purchasing Managers Index	Feb	49.5	48.7	50.3	
04/03	08:30	23.40.0	Markit Singapore PMI	Feb		47.0	51.4	
02/03	05:30	Australia	AiG Perf of Mfg Index	Feb		44.3	45.4	
03/03	11:30	, taotiana	RBA Cash Rate Target	Mar-03	0.63%	0.5%	0.75%	
04/03	08:30		GDP SA QoQ	4Q	0.03%	0.5%	0.4%	0.6%
05/03	08:30		Trade Balance	Jan	0.4% A\$4800m	0.5% A\$5210m	0.4% A\$5223m	A\$5376
06/03	05:30		AiG Perf of Services Index	Feb		47.0	47.4	
00/03	08:30		Retail Sales MoM	Jan	0.0%	-0.3%	-0.5%	 -0.7%
02/03	08:30	Vietnam	Markit Vietnam PMI Mfg	Feb	0.0%	-0.3% 49.0	-0.5% 50.6	-0.7% 
	: Bloomb		Markit Vietram Fivil Ivily	ΓED		45.0	50.0	

Source: Bloomberg



	Last Price	DoD%	High	Low	YTD%
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EURUSD	1.1237	0.91	1.1245	1.1120	0.14
GBPUSD	1.2954	0.64	1.2969	1.2861	- <mark>2.28</mark>
USDJPY	106.16	-1. <mark>2</mark> 7	107.74	105.97	-2.3
AUDUSD	0.6614	-0 <b>2</b> 0	0.6637	0.6584	-5.81
EURGBP	0.8672	0.23	0.8682	0.8621	2.46
USDSGD	1.3830	-0.	1.3878	1.3825	2.76
USDMYR	4.1630	-0 <mark>.3</mark> 8	4.1800	4.1215	1.76
EURMYR	4.6515	-024	4.6553	4.5904	1.40
JPYMYR	3.8794	-025	3.8931	3.8288	2.95
GBPMYR	5.3661	0.39	5.3803	5.3052	-0.2
SGDMYR	3.0009	- <mark>0.5</mark> 5	3.0192	2.9984	-1. <mark>33</mark>
AUDMYR	2.7567	-0. <mark>[</mark> 6	2.7696	2.7311	-3.87
NZDMYR	2.6260	-0.07	2.6330	2.5963	-4.60
CHFMYR	4.3561	- <mark>0.4</mark> 2	4.3707	4.3085	3.04
CNYMYR	0.5994	<mark>0.6</mark> 0	0.6020	0.5991	1.95
HKDMYR	0.5355	- <b>0.4</b> 5	0.5379	0.5303	1.88
0 0		-			•

# > Forex

#### MYR

- USDMYR closed lower for the second day, at 4.1630 (-0.38%) on extended dollar weakness resulting from Wednesday's Fed emergency rate cut. We are bearish on USDMYR on severe loss in momentum; bears are targeting 4.1600 before heading towards 4.1500 in the short term. That said, downside was capped by risk-aversion with markets now turning attention to tonight's US job report to assess the US labour market, pushing USDMYR back to 4.17-4.1800 in our view. Consensus is looking at a gain of 175k (Jan: +225k). A better than expected reading would give USD a much needed boost.
- Medium term USD/MYR outlook remains bullish as EM currencies are vulnerable
  amid growing risk aversion but we are mindful of the possibility of further Fed's rate
  cut should the Covid-19 spread go out of hand in the US. While we expect more
  BNM OPR cut on the local front, the move is likely not immiment after a total of
  50bps cut in January and March.

#### USD

- US dollar continued to lose its lustre on Thursday. Pair notably weakened
  against the yen, Swiss franc, euro and pound. This came as equity markets returned
  to some nervousness. Markets are thinking that US data is looking backwards, with
  Covid-19 expected to spread further in the US.
- We are bearish-to-neutral on the dollar today. We still anticipate some range
  moves against currencies with stretched positions in the immediate term (such as
  the EUR and JPY). However, the dollar may well weaken slightly against currencies
  at their lows (GBP and AUD). We are now neutral on the 1-month outlook. Global
  government and central bank support is likely to cushion fears from the Covid-19
  outbreak. Resilient US fundamentals will also likely support against sustained dollar
  weaknesses.

#### **EUR**

- EUR gained 0.91% overnight against the USD.
- We stay neutral on EUR/USD today as pair looks to consolidate at stretched levels. 1-month outlook is neutral as USD strength tapers and both central banks engage in dovish actions.

#### GBP

- GBP strengthened 0.64% against the USD overnight.
- We are bullish on GBP/USD today, from pound catch-up. We are neutral on a 1month basis as Brexit negotiations may pose some concerns down the road.

## JPY

- JPY gained 1.27% against the greenback on Thursday, last at 106.16, close to the low end of our view of 106-110 range.
- We are bearish on USD/JPY today on momentum. We are bearish on a 1-month basis as potential risk aversion may improve yen positioning. Japan's economic data is already at a low, and any upside surprise could support the JPY.

## AUD

- AUD weakened 0.20% on Thursday against the greenback.
- We are bullish on AUD/USD today from USD reversal and AUD catchup. We are bearish on a 1-month basis as the AUD remains weighed down by the impact of the domestic bushfires and on RBA expectations.

#### SGD

- SGD gained 0.12% against the USD on Thursday, further stabilising.
- We are neutral on USD/SGD today, as pair looks to consolidate. We are neutral
  on a 1-month basis, expecting some USD response and as markets continue to
  price in the impact of the Covid-19 outbreak and MAS easing.

Source: Bloomberg



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