

Global Markets Research

Daily Market Highlights

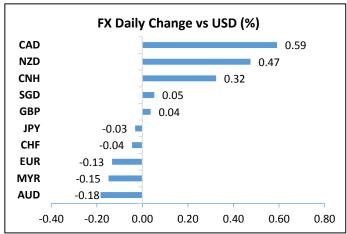
Key Takeaways

- U.S. stocks rallied overnight as last week's market frenzy fuelled by retail traders fizzled out. Investors turned their focus to corporate earnings, US stimulus package as well as progress of vaccine rollout. The Dow Jones added 476pts or 1.6% while the S&P 500 picked up 1.4%. NASDAQ gained 1.6%. Stocks have risen in both Asia and Europe earlier. Shares of GameStop plunged another 60% on the same day, while prices of silver also retreated sharply from 8-year high as retail trading volatilities died down. Google's parent Alphabet and Amazon announced better-than-expected 4Q earnings after the market closed. Amazon's founder Jeff Bezos said he would step down as CEO and stay on as executive chairman.
- Bond yields were higher by 0.6 to 1.8bps as investors sold bonds amid upbeat market sentiment. The yield on 10Y UST last traded at 1.096%. The dollar index was marginally higher reflecting mixed USD performances. Gold futures retreated by 1.6%. Brent and WTI oil benchmarks jumped by around 2.0% on tighter inventory; Senate Democrats took the first steps to pass President Biden's \$1.9 trillion stimulus bill via a maneuver that would allow them to approve it without Republican votes.
- Earlier, the RBA left cash rate steady at 0.1% and said would extend QE in mid-April onwards. On the data front, the Eurozone economy contracted by 0.7% q/q in 4Q and shrank 6.8% for the full year of 2020. Hong Kong's retail sales saw steeper fall at year end amid tighter restriction. Singapore's PMI was higher for the second month and New Zealand reported upbeat job data.
- DXY was stable, up 0.24% on Tuesday, to a close of around 91.20. We are **neutral on the USD** for the week ahead. For the week ahead, focus is on jobless claims and non-farm payrolls data. Market risk aversion may keep the dollar resilient for now, although we do not expect further strong movements near-term. A major swing factor remains on Covid-19 containment efforts on US fundamentals. A break significantly above 91 however, may shift momentum to the upside, with the next range of 92-93.
- USD/MYR rebounded by 0.2% to 4.0460. USD/MYR is likely to continue gyrating within a tight range of 100pips between 4.04-4.05 today. We are neutral on MYR this week, potentially eyeing a weekly range of 4.03-4.06, with the USD remaining the biggest influence. Moody's reaffirmation of Malaysia sovereign rating at A3 with a stable outlook which has eliminated another event risk would help support the MYR.

Market Snapshots

	Last Price	DoD %	YTD %
Dow Jones Ind.	30,687.48	1.57	0.26
S&P 500	3,826.31	1.39	1.87
FTSE 100	6,516.65	0.78	0.87
Hang Seng	29,248.70	1.23	7.41
KLCI	1,580.49	0.90	-2.87
STI	2,917.29	0.72	2.58
Dollar Index	91.20	0.24	1. <mark>4</mark> 0
WTI oil (\$/bbl)	54.76	2.26	12.86
Brent oil (\$/bbl)	57.46	1.97	10.93
Gold (S/oz)	1,830.50	-1.63	-3.41
CPO (RM/tonne)	3,895.00	-0.13	2.82

Source: Bloomberg



Source: Bloomberg

Overnight Economic Data				
Eurozone	Ψ	Hong Kong Singapore	V	
New Zeala	and 🚹			
	Up Ne	ext		
03/02	EC CPI Estimate YoY (Jan	-0.3%		
	US MBA Mortgage Appli	-4.1%		
	US ADP Employment Cha	-123k		
	US ISM Services Index (Ja	57.2		
	Markit Services/Private Sector PMI for			
	US, Eurozone, UK, Japan	, China, Hong		
	Kong, Singapore			
04/02	NZ ANZ Business Confide	9.4		
	AU Exports MoM (Dec)	3.0%		
	AU NAB Business Confidence (4Q)		-10.0	
	EC Retail Sales MoM (De	-6.1%		
	UK Bank of England Bank	0.1%		
	US Initial Jobless Claims			
	US Factory Orders (Dec)	1.0%		
	US Durable Goods Order	s (Dec F)	0.2%	



Macroeconomics

RBA left cash rate unchanged, extended QE:

- The RBA maintained the cash rate at a record low of 0.1%, matching the market's expectations. It also left its three-year bond yield target unchanged at 0.10%. However it decided to purchase an additional AUD100b worth of Australian government bonds from mid-April this year. The current program will expire in mid-April.
- It expressed optimism over Australia's growth outlook, saying that the economic recovery is well under way and has been stronger than was earlier expected. This was underpinned by "Australia's success on the health front and the very significant fiscal and monetary support".
- GDP is expected to grow by 3.5% over both 2021 and 2022 and is now expected to return to its end-2019 level by mid-2021.
 Unemployment rate to be around 6% at the end of this year and 5.5% at the end of 2022. Inflation is expected to be 1.25% over 2021 and 1.5% over 2022.
- It does not expect the conditions to raise cash rate to be met until 2024 earliest.

• Eurozone economy shrank 0.7% q/q in 4Q, less than expected:

- The Euro area economy contracted 0.7% q/q in the fourth quarter of 2020, according to preliminary estimates while 3Q GDP growth was revised slightly lower to 12.4%. This was better than the consensus estimate of -0.9%.
- On a yearly basis, real GDP contracted by 5.1% y/y (3Q: -4.3%) which translates to a full-year contraction of 6.8% for 2020.
- The near-term outlook remains challenging in the bloc amid lockdowns and tighter restrictions and also the fact that it fell behind the US and UK in vaccination rollout.
- Hong Kong's retail sales battered by recent virus waves: Retail sales
 fell 13.2% y/y in December (Nov: -4.1%), its worst reading in four
 months. Despite December being the holiday season, the government
 tightened restrictions to contain a new wave of Covid-19 virus, leading
 the retail sector to take a beating after recent months' improvement.
 January might see some rebound in sales as consumers shopped for
 the Lunar New Year (mid-Feb).
- Singapore PMI rose further in January: Singapore's official Purchasing Manager Index was slightly higher at 50.7 in January, compared to 50.5 prior. This marked its second month of increase and was driven by new orders as well as new exports orders, another sign of improving manufacturing conditions. The electronic sector sub-index however fell a little to 51.0 (Dec: 51.2)

• New Zealand reported better-than-expected job data:

- New Zealand's unemployment rate fell sharply to 4.9% in the fourth quarter of 2020, from 5.3% prior. This came as a surprise for analysts who had forecasted a higher rate of 5.6%. Employment rose for 0.6% q/q (3Q: -0.7%), marking the rise in employment for the first time since 1Q.
- The increase in full-time jobs and considerable fall in part-time jobs reflect upbeat hiring sentiment and hence economic outlook.
 New Zealand has been successful in containing the pandemic, steering the economy out of a downturn.

Forex

MYR (Neutral)

USD/MYR rebounded by 0.2% to 4.0460. USD/MYR is likely to continue gyrating within a tight range of 100pips between 4.04-4.05 today. We are neutral on MYR this week, potentially eyeing a weekly range of 4.03-4.06, with the USD remaining the biggest influence. Moody's reaffirmation of Malaysia sovereign rating at A3 with a stable outlook which has eliminated another event risk would help support the MYR.

USD (Neutral over 1-Week Horizon)

• DXY was stable, up 0.24% on Tuesday, to a close of around 91.20. We are neutral on the USD for the week ahead. For the week ahead, focus is on jobless claims and non-farm payrolls data. Market risk aversion may keep the dollar resilient for now, although we do not expect further strong movements near-term. A major swing factor remains on Covid-19 containment efforts on US fundamentals. A break significantly above 91 however, may shift momentum to the upside, with the next range of 92-93.

EUR (Neutral-to-Bearish)

EUR/USD was slightly down by 0.13% to 1.2044 on Tuesday, after a
low of 1.2012. Eurozone 4Q GDP was slightly better-than-expected,
although showing a slide from 3Q. We turn neutral-to-bearish on
the EUR, as market attention focuses on fundamentals. A break of
the 1.2000 big figure will likely turn momentum on the downside
towards a 1.1800-1.1900 range.

GBP (Neutral)

 GBP/USD was slightly up, closing at 1.3668 on Tuesday. We are neutral on the GBP. Anticipate weekly range of 1.3600-1.3800.
 Focus is on Covid-19 situation and Bank of England policy decision on 4 February. Markets currently anticipate no changes to its stance, although any talk of negative interest rates may weaken the pound. Support at 1.3580.

JPY (Neutral-to-Bearish)

 USD/JPY was slightly up close to the 105 big figure on Tuesday, after an intraday range of 104.83-105.17. We are neutral-tobearish on the JPY for the coming week, due to technicals showing momentum for JPY weakness. Bank of Japan debated whether to have bigger yield moves ahead of the March review, which may weaken the JPY if it exceeds expectations. Watch supports of 103.50 and 102.59, with resistance around 105.30.

AUD (Bearish)

 AUD/USD was down by almost 0.2% on Tuesday, hovering close to 0.7600. This came after RBA stayed pat on policy rates. We are bearish on the AUD for the week ahead, mainly concerned about correction from prior rallies and risk aversion. A break below 0.7600 may turn attention to the next support at 0.7400.

SGD (Neutral)

 USD/SGD moved lower by a slight 0.05% to 1.3322 close on Tuesday. With USD/SGD hovering around the 1.33 big figure, we are neutral and see weekly range movements between 1.3200-1.3400. A break of this range will likely signal at momentum either way. Singapore's January PMI improved to 50.7 from 50.5 a month ago, as electronics PMI softened to 51.0 from 51.2 prior.



Hong Leong Bank Berhad

Fixed Income & Economic Research, Global Markets Level 8, Hong Leong Tower 6, Jalan Damanlela Bukit Damansara 50490 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 603-2081 1221

Tel: 603-2081 1221 Fax: 603-2081 8936

Email: HLMarkets@hlbb.hongleong.com.my

DISCLAIMER

This report is for information purposes only and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any particular recipient. The information contained herein does not constitute the provision of investment advice and is not intended as an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of any of the financial instruments mentioned in this report and will not form the basis or a part of any contract or commitment whatsoever.

The information contained in this publication is derived from data obtained from sources believed by Hong Leong Bank Berhad ("HLBB") to be reliable and in good faith, but no warranties or guarantees, representations are made by HLBB with regard to the accuracy, completeness or suitability of the data. Any opinions expressed reflect the current judgment of the authors of the report and do not necessarily represent the opinion of HLBB or any of the companies within the Hong Leong Bank Group ("HLB Group"). The opinions reflected herein may change without notice and the opinions do not necessarily correspond to the opinions of HLBB. HLBB does not have an obligation to amend, modify or update this report or to otherwise notify a reader or recipient thereof in the event that any matter stated herein, or any opinion, projection, forecast or estimate set forth herein, changes or subsequently becomes inaccurate.

HLB Group, their directors, employees and representatives do not have any responsibility or liability to any person or recipient (whether by reason of negligence, negligent misstatement or otherwise) arising from any statement, opinion or information, expressed or implied, arising out of, contained in or derived from or omission from the reports or matter.

Potential and actual conflict of interest may arise from the activities of HLB Group. HLB Group constitute a diversified financial services group. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In the ordinary course of their business, HLB Group may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the financial instruments. HLB Group, in connection with its business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the financial instruments. Such activities and information may involve or have an effect on the financial instruments. HLB Group have no obligation to disclose such information about the financial instruments or their activities.

The past performance of financial instruments is not indicative of future results. Whilst every effort is made to ensure that statements of facts made in this report are accurate, all estimates, projections, forecasts, expressions of opinion and other subjective judgments contained in this report are based on assumptions considered to be reasonable as of the date of the document in which they are contained and must not be construed as a representation that the matters referred to therein will occur. Any projections or forecasts mentioned in this report may not be achieved due to multiple risk factors including without limitation market volatility, sector volatility, corporate actions, the unavailability of complete and accurate information. No assurance can be given that any opinion described herein would yield favorable investment results. Recipients who are not market professional or institutional investor customer of HLBB should seek the advice of their independent financial advisor prior to taking any investment decision based on the recommendations in this report.

HLBB may provide hyperlinks to websites of entities mentioned in this report, however the inclusion of a link does not imply that HLBB endorses, recommends or approves any material on the linked page or accessible from it. Such linked websites are accessed entirely at your own risk. HLBB does not accept responsibility whatsoever for any such material, nor for consequences of its use.

This report is not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation. This report is for the use of the addressees only and may not be redistributed, reproduced or passed on to any other person or published, in part or in whole, for any purpose, without the prior, written consent of HLBB. The manner of distributing this report may be restricted by law or regulation in certain countries. Persons into whose possession this report may come are required to inform themselves about and to observe such restrictions. By accepting this report, a recipient hereof agrees to be bound by the foregoing limitations.