

Global Markets Research
Daily Market Highlights

28 Sep: Consolidation from recent selloffs

Less fearful selloffs in equities and bonds

DXY hovering around 114; GBP snapped 5-day losing streak

Oil rebounded amid speculations of production cut from OPEC+

- Finally, some greens in a sea of red, especially in the Asian equity space. While markets continued to stay jittery amid growth and rate hike concerns, we saw some consolidation and/or smaller losses across major asset classes. US equities failed to hold on to gains from higher openings and ended mixed. The Dow and S&P 500 registered smaller losses of 0.2-0.4% while the NASDAQ even rebounded into positive territory (+0.3%), marking its first advance in six days. European stocks remained in the red as fear over a deepening energy crisis manifested. Meanwhile, Nikkei and Hang Seng ended in the green. Futures also point to mixed opening this morning.
- Global bonds remained under broad selling pressure but we noted some gains, again in the Asian space. The UK gilts continued to see hefty double-digit spike in yields, but noticeably at much lesser pace (+26bps vs +42bps), bringing the 10Y yields to 4.50%, its highest since 2008. The UST traded mixed, with gains in the front end and continued selloffs in the longer end. The 2Y note yields fell 6bps to 4.29%, while the 10Y note yields edged up more modestly by 2bps to 3.95%, further reducing the 2/10s inversion to -34bps.
- On similar grounds, major currency crosses saw some consolidation/stabilization after the recent selling bouts. The DXY edged up a marginal 0.01% d/d to 114.11, as the greenback traded mixed against the G10s. EUR saw extended decline to 0.9594 (-0.2%), and so were the JPY (-0.03%) and AUD (-0.3%). However, the sterling finally saw some reprieves, registering a 0.4% gain to 1.0733, followed by the CHF (+0.2%) and CAD (+0.1%).
- Asian currencies also traded mixed against the greenback. The KRW flipped and turned out to be the biggest gainer (+0.6%), a turnaround from the biggest loser the preceding day with a 1.5% decline. CNY bears continued to rule, pushing the CNY down a further 0.5% d/d to 7.1761, its weakest in three years. MYR lost a further 0.2% to 4.6108 while the SGD saw more modest decline of 0.06% to 1.4390.
- Oil prices snapped two days of decline and increased on speculations that OPEC+ may announce production cuts at its next meeting. Brent crude rebounded by 2.1% to \$85.69/ barrel while the WTI rose 2.1% d/d to \$77.96/ barrel.

Key Market Metrics

	Level	d/d (%)
Equities		
Dow Jones	29,134.99	-0.43
S&P 500	3,647.29	-0.21
NASDAQ	10,829.50	0.25
Stoxx Eur 600	388.24	-0.13
FTSE 100	6,984.59	-0.52
Nikkei 225	26,571.87	0.53
Hang Seng	17,860.31	0.03
Straits Times	3,165.50	-0.52
KLCI 30	1,410.87	-0.15
FX		
Dollar Index	114.11	0.01
EUR/USD	0.9594	-0.16
GBP/USD	1.0733	0.41
USD/JPY	144.80	0.03
AUD/USD	0.6435	-0.33
USD/CNH	7.1794	0.08
USD/MYR	4.6108	0.16
USD/SGD	1.4390	0.06
Commodities		
WTI (\$/bbl)	77.96	2.12
Brent (\$/bbl)	85.69	2.08
Gold (\$/oz)	1,627.00	0.43
Copper (\$\$/MT)	7,291.00	-0.01
Aluminum(\$/MT)	2,102.00	-1.50
CPO (RM/tonne)	3,465.50	-7.55

Source: Bloomberg, HLBB Global Markets Research

Mixed bag of US data points to a patchy growth outlook:

- US durable goods orders saw extended decline albeit at a less than expected rate of 0.2% m/m in August, marking its first back to back decline since Apr-20 dragged by non-defence aircraft. Orders ex-transportation sustained a 0.2% m/m increase, while core capital goods orders excluding defence items and civilian aircraft grew at a much stronger than expected pace of 1.3% m/m, pointing to still resilient capital spending although softer capex intentions as signalled by regional Fed banks the past few months imply slower capital spending going forward.
- Richmond Fed manufacturing index unexpectedly improved to a neutral level in September (0 vs -8), helped by a turnaround in shipment (14 vs -8) and smaller decline in new orders (-11 vs -20).
- Conference Board consumer confidence improved more than expected to 108.0 in September (Aug: 103.6), as consumers turned more optimistic about both present as well as future expectations, thanks to a firm labour market and lower gasoline prices that will help underpin consumer spending and cushioning the higher borrowing costs going forward.
- On the housing front, new home sales surprised with a 28.8% m/m increase in August (Jul: -8.6%), its biggest increase since Jun-20 driven by increases across all regions, believed to be due to “front-loading” of purchases ahead of further increase in borrowing costs. Median prices grew at a slower rate of 8.0% y/y (Jul: +14.9%), in tandem with softer increase in the S&P CoreLogic CS house price index (+15.8% vs +18.1% y/y). Meanwhile, the FHFA house price index reported a surprised decline of 0.6% m/m in July (Jun: +0.1%), its first decline since May-20, and was even worse than the 0.3% decline back then. House prices dropped across all regions. The US housing market remains weak overall in the face of higher interest rates.

Japan PPI services unexpectedly eased; machine tool orders grew at faster pace:

- PPI services unexpectedly pulled back to 1.9% y/y in August, from the 2.0% y/y increase in July and against expectations for a pick-up to +2.4%. Services PPI has been holding rather steady in the 1.9-2.0% region in the last five months, suggesting inflationary outlook may soften going forward.
- Machine tool orders grew at a faster pace of 10.7% y/y in August (Jul: +5.5% y/y), thanks to pick-up in both domestic (+16.2% vs +14.5%) and foreign orders (+7.7% vs +0.7%). Sectors which saw hefty increases in orders were autos, parts, electrical & precision.

China industrial profits fell amid higher costs:

- Industrial profits declined 2.1% y/y YTD August (YTD Jul: -1.1%), marking its first back to back contraction since Sept-20 as higher production and operation costs dented firms’ profitability. Of note, profitability of foreign firms and private firms fell 12.0% and 8.3% y/y respectively in the first eight months of the year, wiping out the 5.4% increase in profitability in SOEs. By industrial sector, continuous declines in profits from manufacturers (-13.4%) and utilities players (-4.9%) took centre stage and offset profits of miners (+88.1%).

House View and Forecasts

FX	This Week	3Q-22	4Q-22	1Q-23	2Q-23
DXY	110-115	106.00	105.00	103.00	102.00
EUR/USD	0.95-1.00	1.02	1.03	1.05	1.04
GBP/USD	1.05-1.10	1.21	1.22	1.24	1.23
USD/JPY	140-145	138.00	135.00	133.00	132.00
AUD/USD	0.64-0.68	0.67	0.69	0.70	0.70
USD/MYR	4.55-4.60	4.42	4.40	4.38	4.35
USD/SGD	1.42-1.45	1.40	1.38	1.37	1.36

Rates, %	Current	3Q-22	4Q-22	1Q-23	2Q-23
Fed	3.00-3.25	3.00-3.25	4.25-4.50	4.25-4.50	4.25-4.50
ECB	1.25	1.25	2.75	2.75	2.75
BOE	2.25	2.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
BOJ	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10
RBA	2.35	2.35	3.10	3.10	3.10
BNM	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.75	2.75

Source: HLBB Global Markets Research

Up Next

Date	Events	Prior
28/09	AU Retail Sales MoM (Aug)	1.30%
	JN Leading Index CI (Jul F)	99.6
	JN Coincident Index (Jul F)	100.6
	US MBA Mortgage Applications (23-Sept)	3.8%
	US Pending Home Sales MoM (Aug)	-1.00%
	US Pending Home Sales NSA YoY (Aug)	-22.50%
29/09	NZ ANZ Activity Outlook (Sep)	-4
	NZ ANZ Business Confidence (Sep)	-47.8
	UK Net Consumer Credit (Aug)	1.4b
	UK Consumer Credit YoY (Aug)	6.90%
	UK Mortgage Approvals (Aug)	63.8k
	EC Economic Confidence (Sep)	97.6
	EC Industrial Confidence (Sep)	1.2
	EC Services Confidence (Sep)	8.7
	EC Consumer Confidence (Sep F)	-28.8
	US Initial Jobless Claims (1-Sep)	213k
US GDP Annualized QoQ (2Q T)	-0.60%	

Source: Bloomberg

Hong Leong Bank Berhad

Fixed Income & Economic Research, Global
Markets
Level 8, Hong Leong Tower
6, Jalan Damanlela
Bukit Damansara
50490 Kuala Lumpur
Tel: 603-2081 1221
Fax: 603-2081 8936

HLMarkets@hlbb.hongleong.com.my

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