

Global Markets Research

Daily Market Highlights

3 Aug: Market selloff after US downgrade

Fitch downgraded US' long-term ratings to 'AA+'; Outlook Stable

10Y, 30Y UST yields rose to the highest in 2023; Equities markets tumbled; DXY gained

ADP report showed that private sector employment is still robust; Above expectations

- Wall Street saw a wave of selling with Nasdaq losing 2.2% d/d, its worst day since February, after Fitch downgraded the US' IDR and dented sentiment. The S&P 500 pulled back by 1.4% d/d, while the Dow Jones Industrial Average tumbled 1.0% d/d dragged by shares of Intel and Microsoft. European and Asian markets also fell as global sentiment was pulled down by the downgrade. Stoxx Eur 600 and FTSE 100 fell 1.4% d/d each, while Nikkei 225 and Hang Seng led losses in Asia, slipping between 2.3%-2.5% d/d each.
- Anxiety over Fitch's downgrade also sent UST yields for the 10Y and 30Y up 6 and 8bps to close at 4.08% and 4.18%, their highest close for the year. Yields for the 2Y, on the other hand, fell 3bps to 4.88%. 10Y European bond yields closed mixed between -3bps to +1bps.
- The Dollar nevertheless shrugged off Fitch's US credit rating downgrade, with the DXY rising to as high as 102.78 before losing steam and slipping to 102.59 (+0.3% d/d). EUR and GBP depreciated between 0.4%-0.5% d/d each, while regional currencies closed weaker between 0.2%-1.1% d/d. MYR specifically, traded 0.5% d/d weaker at 4.5425, while JPY was the outlier, closing flattish at 143.32.
- Oil prices settled down between 2.0%-2.3% d/d despite a drop in the US crude inventory, as investors de-risked following the downgrade. According to the Energy Information Administration, US crude stocks fell by a record 17m barrels last week but it should be noted that this weekly inventory data is constantly revised.

Fitch downgraded US' IDR to AA+; Private sector employment higher than expected

- Fitch Ratings downgraded US' long-term foreign currency issuer default rating
 (IDR) to 'AA+' from 'AAA'. At the same time, its rating watch Negative was
 removed and a Stable outlook was assigned. The Country Ceiling has been
 reaffirmed 'AAA.' The downgrade was underpinned by an expected fiscal
 deterioration over the next three years and an erosion of standards of
 governance over the last 20 years. Accordingly, the repeated debt-limit
 political standoffs and last-minute resolutions have eroded confidence in fiscal
 management.
- The ADP National Employment report signalled that job creation remained robust in July, with private sector employers adding 324k jobs in July (June: 455k), while annual pay was up 6.2% y/y. Although a deceleration, this is still

Laural	4/4 (0/)
Level	d/d (%)
35,282.52	-0.98
4,513.39	-1.38
13,973.45	-2.17
460.84	-1.35
7,561.63	-1.36
32,707.69	-2.30
19,517.38	-2.47
3,325.02	-1.45
1,444.56	-0.46
102.59	0.28
1.0938	-0.42
1.2711	-0.52
143.32	-0.01
0.6538	-1.13
7.2009	0.21
4.5425	0.52
1.3410	0.33
79.49	-2.31
83.20	-2.01
1,937.40	-0.17
8,509.50	-1.41
2,209.00	-2.06
3,814.00	0.32
	4,513.39 13,973.45 460.84 7,561.63 32,707.69 19,517.38 3,325.02 1,444.56 102.59 1.0938 1.2711 143.32 0.6538 7.2009 4.5425 1.3410 79.49 83.20 1,937.40 8,509.50 2,209.00

Source: Bloomberg, HLBB Global Markets Research
* Dated as of 1 Aug for CPO



above the 1H average of 256k jobs and was above street estimate. The leisure and hospitality industries again drove growth, while the manufacturing industry shed jobs for the fifth straight month. The favourable labor market should continue to support consumer spending going forward although ADP sees a slowdown in pay growth.

Mortgage application posted its second week of decline and at a faster pace of -3.0% w/w for the week ended 28 July (21 Jul: -1.8% w/w). Higher mortgage rates, with the 30Y fixed rate increasing to 6.93%, coupled with limited inventory contributed to the decline in overall applications. The Purchase Index contracted by 3.2% w/w (21 Jul: -2.5% w/w), while the Refinancing Index dipped 2.5% d/d (21 July: -0.4% w/w).

Australia's PMI-Services revised slightly downwards for July; First contraction in 4 months

 The final Judo Bank Australia Services PMI was revised downwards by 0.1ppts to 47.9 for the month of July (June: 50.3). This is the first contraction in 4 months and was primarily driven by the adverse impact of higher interest rates which affected spending and business confidence.

Singapore's PMI edged up but still contractionary

Singapore's PMI inched up to 49.8 in July (June: 49.7), signalling that the
manufacturing sector is stabilising and was underpinned by slower contraction
in new orders, new exports, output and employment. The Electronics PMI
specifically, posted a slower contraction at 49.3 (June: 49.0).

House View and Forecasts

FX	This Week	3Q-23	4Q-23	1Q-24	2Q-24
DXY	99-103	102	101	100	99
EUR/USD	1.08-1.12	1.11	1.12	1.14	1.12
GBP/USD	1.26-1.30	1.29	1.31	1.33	1.30
USD/JPY	135-141	141	139	136	133
AUD/USD	0.65-0.69	0.67	0.68	0.68	0.69
USD/MYR	4.46-4.56	4.69	4.64	4.60	4.55
USD/SGD	1.31-1.35	1.35	1.34	1.33	1.33

Rates, %	Current	3Q-23	4Q-23	1Q-24	2Q-24
Fed	5.25-5.50	5.25-5.50	5.25.5.50	5.00-5.25	4.50-4.75
ECB	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.00
BOE	5.00	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.00
BOJ	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10
RBA	4.10	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35
BNM	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Source: HLBB Global Markets Research

Up Next

Date	Events	Prior
3-Aug	JN Jibun Bank Japan PMI Services (Jul F)	53.9
	SI S&P Global Singapore PMI (Jul)	54.1
	HK S&P Global Hong Kong PMI (Jul)	50.3
	AU Exports MoM (Jun)	4%
	AU Retail Sales Ex Inflation QoQ (2Q)	-0.60%
	CH Caixin China PMI Services (Jul)	53.9
	EC HCOB Eurozone Services PMI (Jul F)	51.1
	UK S&P Global/CIPS UK Services PMI (Jul F)	51.5
	EC PPI YoY (Jun)	-1.50%
	UK Bank of England Bank Rate	5.00%
	US Challenger Job Cuts YoY (Jul)	25.20%
	US Nonfarm Productivity (2Q P)	-2.10%



	US Unit Labor Costs (2Q P)	4.20%
	US Initial Jobless Claims	221k
	US S&P Global US Services PMI (Jul F)	52.4
	US Factory Orders (Jun)	0.30%
	US Durable Goods Orders (Jun F)	4.70%
	US Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air (Jun F)	0.20%
	US ISM Services Index (Jul)	53.9
4-Aug	AU RBA-Statement on Monetary Policy	
	SI Retail Sales YoY (Jun)	1.80%
	EC Retail Sales MoM (Jun)	0.00%
	US Change in Nonfarm Payrolls (Jul)	209k
	US Unemployment Rate (Jul)	3.60%

Hong Leong Bank Berhad

Fixed Income & Economic Research, Global
Markets
Level 8, Hong Leong Tower
6, Jalan Damanlela
Bukit Damansara
50490 Kuala Lumpur
Tel: 603-2081 1221
Fax: 603-2081 8936

HLMarkets@hlbb.hongleong.com.my

Source: Bloomberg

DISCLAIMER

This report is for information purposes only and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any particular recipient. The information contained herein does not constitute the provision of investment advice and is not intended as an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of any of the financial instruments mentioned in this report and will not form the basis or a part of any contract or commitment whatsoever.

The information contained in this publication is derived from data obtained from sources believed by Hong Leong Bank Berhad ("HLBB") to be reliable and in good faith, but no warranties or guarantees, representations are made by HLBB with regard to the accuracy, completeness or suitability of the data. Any opinions expressed reflect the current judgment of the authors of the report and do not necessarily represent the opinion of HLBB or any of the companies within the Hong Leong Bank Group ("HLB Group"). The opinions reflected herein may change without notice and the opinions do not necessarily correspond to the opinions of HLBB. HLBB does not have an obligation to amend, modify or update this report or to otherwise notify a reader or recipient thereof in the event that any matter stated herein, or any opinion, projection, forecast or estimate set forth herein, changes or subsequently becomes inaccurate.

HLB Group, their directors, employees and representatives do not have any responsibility or liability to any person or recipient (whether by reason of negligence, negligent misstatement or otherwise) arising from any statement, opinion or information, expressed or implied, arising out of, contained in or derived from or omission from the reports or matter.

Potential and actual conflict of interest may arise from the activities of HLB Group. HLB Group constitute a diversified financial services group. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In the ordinary course of their business, HLB Group may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the financial instruments. HLB Group, in connection with its business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the financial instruments. Such activities and information may involve or have an effect on the financial instruments. HLB Group have no obligation to disclose such information about the financial instruments or their activities.

The past performance of financial instruments is not indicative of future results. Whilst every effort is made to ensure that statements of facts made in this report are accurate, all estimates, projections, forecasts, expressions of opinion and other subjective judgments contained in this report are based on assumptions considered to be reasonable as of the date of the document in which they are contained and must not be construed as a representation that the matters referred to therein will occur. Any projections or forecasts mentioned in this report may not be achieved due to multiple risk factors including without limitation market volatility, sector volatility, corporate actions, the unavailability of complete and accurate information. No assurance can be given that any opinion described herein would yield favourable investment results. Recipients who are not market professional or institutional investor customer of HLBB should seek the advice of their independent financial advisor prior to taking any investment decision based on the recommendations in this report.

HLBB may provide hyperlinks to websites of entities mentioned in this report, however the inclusion of a link does not imply that HLBB endorses, recommends or approves any material on the linked page or accessible from it. Such linked websites are accessed entirely at your own risk. HLBB does not accept responsibility whatsoever for any such material, nor for consequences of its use.

This report is not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation. This report is for the use of the addressees only and may not be redistributed, reproduced or passed on to any other person or published, in part or in whole, for any purpose, without the prior, written consent of HLBB. The manner of distributing this report may be restricted by law or regulation in certain countries. Persons into whose possession this report may come are required to inform themselves about and to observe such restrictions. By accepting this report, a recipient hereof agrees to be bound by the foregoing limitations.