

Global Markets Research

Fixed Income

UST Tenure Closing (%) Chg (bps) 2-yr UST 2.59 2 5-yr UST 2.90 0 10-yr UST 3.06 0 30-yr UST 3.21 0

	MGS			GII*		
Tenure	Closing (%)	Chg (bps	3)	Closing (%)	Chg	(bps)
3-yr	3.76		-2	3.71		-1
5-yr	3.81		-8	3.91		-2
7-yr	4.03		1	4.19		-4
10-yr	4.22		1	4.33		-1
15-yr	4.57		-4	4.77		0
20-yr	4.91		1	4.84		0
30-yr	4.91		0	5.03		0

^{*}Market indicative

M YR IRS Levels							
IR S	Closing (%)	Chg (bps)					
1-yr	3.76	0					
3-yr	3.84	-1					
5-yr	3.93	-2					
7-yr	4.02	-1					
10-yr	4.16	-1					
Source: Bloom	mberg	·					

Upcoming Government Bond Tenders

RM3.5b of 10Y MGS 6/28 reopening on 23rd May 2018 (today)

Fixed Income Daily Market Snapshot

US Treasuries

• US Treasuries saw yields generally unchanged with the longend of the curve slightly weaker as the 5s30s spread drifted wide at ~31bps. Overall benchmark yields ended generally within 1bps of the prior day's closing save for the new 2Y issuance which moved 2bps higher at 2.59% levels whilst the much-watched 10Y closed at 3.06%. This week saw successful auctions for new 2Y, 5Y and 7Y notes which saw relatively stable to better demand; evidenced by decent BTC ratios between 2.5-2.6x. Whist the trade barrier issues between US and China, remains unresolved for now, recent T-bill auctions in US suggest that market is pricing in a rate hike at the FOMC meeting on June 12-13. The odds of a hike stand at 70%. All eyes will be on the release of FOMC minutes early tomorrow morning for more clues on the next Fed move.

MGS/GII

• Trading volume in local Govvies improved marginally to RM2.66b yesterday with almost 40% GII trades notched. The shorter end i.e. MGS and GII18-20's continue to attract attention by both buyers and sellers followed by MGS 31-33's. However overall benchmark bonds were mixed between -1 to +4bps save for the odd-lot trade on the 5Y bond. Both the benchmark 7Y MGS 3/25 and 10Y MGS 11/27 edged 1bps higher at 4.03% and 4.22% respectively compared to previous-done levels. Expect attention to be focused on the auction reopening of the 10Y MGS 6/28 slated to replace the existing benchmark MGS 11/27 today.

Corp Bonds/Sukuk

• Corporate Bonds saw volume rise to RM280m with interest confined to the GG-AA part of the curve. The short Govt-guaranteed PASB 8/18 closed unchanged at 3.47% compared to previous-done levels whilst AAA-rated CAGAMAS saw brisk trades amounting to nominal RM70m. The CAGA 18-19's saw yields mixed wide closing between 3.68-93% levels whilst CAGA 11/20 rallied 11bps to close at 4.27%. Both RANTAU 8/19 and TNB 8/37 rose 8bps each to close at 4.18% and 5.18% respectively. Likewise AA-rated KLK 9/22 lost 8bps as well at 4.62%. Meanwhile in the banking space PBFIN 59nc19 closed weaker at 4.56% levels.



Daily Trades : Government Bonds

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Securi	ties	Closing	Vol	Previous	Previous	Chg		
		YTM	(RM mil)	YTM	Trade Date	(bp)		
					(dd/mm/yyyy)			
MGS	09/18	3.356	57	3.327	21/05/2018	3		
MGS	03/19	3.400	346	3.502	21/05/2018	-10		
MGS	10/19	3.494	112	3.646	21/05/2018	-15		
MGS	11/19	3.523	240	3.626	21/05/2018	-10		
MGS	03/20	3.592	11	3.727	21/05/2018	-14		
MGS	07/20	3.671	41	3.724	21/05/2018	-5		
MGS	10/20	3.724	72	3.746	21/05/2018	-2		
MGS	07/21	3.832	20	3.791	21/05/2018	4		
MGS	11/21	3.758	25	3.779	21/05/2018	-2		
MGS	08/22	3.974	1	3.948	21/05/2018	3		
MGS	04/23	3.813	1	3.892	17/05/2018	-8		
MGS	07/24	4.152	30	4.180	21/05/2018	-3		
MGS	09/24	4.158	2	4.185	17/05/2018	-3		
MGS	09/25	4.260	6	4.308	21/05/2018	-5		
MGS	11/26	4.282	2	4.301	18/05/2018	-2		
MGS	03/27	4.325	3	4.303	15/05/2018	2		
MGS	11/27	4.215	189	4.205	21/05/2018	1		
MGS	04/30	4.619	16	4.691	18/05/2018	-7		
MGS	06/31	4.643	125	4.695	17/05/2018	-5		
MGS	04/32	4.720	33	4.607	30/04/2018	11		
MGS	04/33	4.770	44	4.780	21/05/2018	-1		
MGS	11/33	4.569	237	4.615	17/05/2018	-5		
MGS	05/35	4.914	3	4.950	18/05/2018	-4		
MGS	04/37	4.909	3	4.901	21/05/2018	1		
GII	08/18	3.505	4	3.452	16/05/2018	5		
GII	10/18	3.380	100	3.477	16/05/2018	-10		
GII	04/19	3.556	50	3.556	18/05/2018	0		
GII	08/19	3.738	9	3.823	16/05/2018	-9		
GII	09/19	3.579	61	3.486	05/04/2018	9		
GII	09/19	3.587	61	3.548	30/04/2018	4		
GII	04/20	3.710	10	3.719	17/05/2018	-1		
GII	08/20	3.723	310	3.741	17/05/2018	-2		
GII	11/20	3.918	8	3.715	20/03/2018	20		
GII	04/22	3.914	130	3.939	18/05/2018	-2		
GII	07/23	4.073	175	4.105	21/05/2018	-3		
GII	08/25	4.187	30	4.224	21/05/2018	-4		
GII	07/27	4.324	40	4.337	16/05/2018	-1		
GII	10/28	4.333	20	4.345	21/05/2018	-1		
GII	09/30	4.607	30	4.684	30/04/2018	-8		
		_	2657	_				

Daily Trades: Corp Bonds / Sukuk

Securities		Rating	Closing YTM	Vol (RM mil)	Previous YTM	Previous Trade Date	Chg (bp)	Spread Against
A: 00/00 1 1	00/40	GG	0.400	45	0.474	(dd/mm/yyyy)		MGS*
Pengurusan Air SPV Berhad	06/18		3.468	45	3.471	11/04/2018	0	3
Pengurusan Air SPV Berhad	06/21	GG	4.201	5	3.960	22/01/2018	24	48
Perbadanan Tabung Pendidikan Tinggi Nasional	08/21	GG	4.244	5	4.079	24/04/2018	17	52
Prasarana Malaysia Berhad [fka Syarikat Prasarana Negara Berhad]	12/21	GG	4.248	5	4.140	24/04/2018	11	43
Senari Synergy Sdn Berhad	08/18	AAA	4.391	14	4.291	12/12/2017	10	95
Cagamas Berhad	08/18	AAA	3.683	40	3.769	07/03/2018	-9	24
Cagamas Berhad	02/19	AAA	3.930	10	3.826	02/04/2018	10	49
Rantau Abang Capital Berhad	08/19	AAA	4.177	30	4.100	25/04/2018	8	74
CJ Capital Sdn Berhad	07/20	AAA	4.567	10	4.463	20/05/2011	10	94
Cagamas Berhad	11/20	AAA	4.271	20	4.407	03/05/2018	-14	55
Al Dzahab Assets Berhad	09/24	AAA	4.811	5	4.921	06/03/2018	-11	83
Tenaga Nasional Berhad	08/37	AAA	5.182	15	5.100	26/04/2018	8	29
Sabah Development Bank Berhad	05/22	AA1	5.498	1	4.923	30/04/2018	58	168
Kuala Lumpur Kepong Berhad	09/22	AA1	4.616	10	4.537	06/04/2018	8	80
Malayan Banking Berhad	01/24	AA1	4.725	1	4.398	21/05/2018	33	75
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	06/24	AA1	5.071	1	4.946	14/05/2018	13	109
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	09/24	AA+	4.969	1	4.794	04/05/2018	18	99
Bright Focus Berhad	01/28	AA2	5.020	5	4.891	05/04/2018	13	82
Bright Focus Berhad	01/29	AA2	5.080	5	4.958	05/04/2018	12	88
PBFIN Berhad	06/59	AA2	4.555	20	4.200	18/05/2018	36	-34
Fortune Premiere Sdn Berhad	12/22	AA	4.918	3	4.848	27/04/2018	7	104
Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Selangor	10/18	AA3	4.436	14	4.272	09/04/2018	16	100
AmBank (M) Berhad	12/23	AA3	5.190	1	4.457	17/05/2018	73	121
MEX II Sdn Berhad	04/22	AA-	4.869	5	4.559	07/10/2016	31	105
MEX II Sdn Berhad	04/23	AA-	4.932	5	4.739	21/06/2017	19	105
Sinar Kamiri Sdn Berhad	01/22	AA-	5.299	5	-	-	-	148
			2.200	280	_			, .0

^{*}spread against nearest indicative tenured MGS (Source : BPAM)



Market/Corporate News: What's Brewing

The audacious move by the Pakatan Harapan government to abolish the goods and services tax (GST) may not necessarily derail Malaysia from its fiscal deficit target, as feared by many economic pundits. While credit rating agency Moody's described the removal of the consumption tax regime as "credit negative", several economists expect Malaysia to remain largely on track of its fiscal deficit target, provided the government fulfils its election promises for reforms in national expenditure. Lower expenditure, coupled with higher crude oil prices and the re-introduction of the sales and services tax (SST), will be key in buttressing the national finances, moving forward. The federal government may see a revenue shortfall of about RM5bil to RM10bil this year - even if the loss of revenue from the removal of the GST is substituted by the higher crude oil price and the re-introduction of the SST. The previous government had projected a collection of RM43.8bil in revenue from the GST this year. "If the new government can plug the holes in the country's fiscal management, particularly in the procurement process, then the revenue shortfall can be met eventually. One of the areas which may lead to cost savings is the reduction in allocation to the Prime Minister's Office (PMO), as the Pakatan government has pledged to reduce the function of the PMO and include fewer ministers there. A total of RM17.4bil was allocated to the PMO in Budget 2018, which was considerably high compared to the budget allocated to other departments. Pakatan had said previously that cost savings of about RM20bil or 1.4% of the gross domestic product (GDP) could be achieved, given the reduction in wastage The RM20bil target could be achieved if unnecessary expenses can be identified and eliminated. Since taking office after winning the 14th General Election, the new government has terminated the services of about 17,000 political appointees in the ministries as it tries to slash spending and introduce a leaner administration. Fiscal consolidation measures are not new in Malaysia, as the previous Barisan Nasional government had sought to trim the country's fiscal deficit, a measure of how much the national expenditure has exceeded revenue. Among the key measures were the GST and subsidy rationalisation, which were criticised for the rising cost of living for Malaysians. With the fiscal consolidation move, Malaysia's fiscal deficit has been brought down significantly from 6.7% in 2009 to 3% in 2017. Under Budget 2018, the Barisan government had projected a fiscal deficit of 2.8% this year. On the other hand, in its 2018 alternative budget, Pakatan estimated a fiscal deficit target of 2.04% in 2018. Pakatan plans to re-introduce fuel subsidies and remove the GST, while remaining steadfast to maintaining an effective fiscal management. It is possible and that up to 5% of the government's operating expenditure or RM11bil can be saved on the back of fiscal expenditure reforms. The savings, coupled with higher crude oil prices and the SST revenue, are expected to help offset the RM16bil shortfall after the abolition of the GST. The lack of focus on transparency, financial prudence, reduction in wastage, reducing corruption and better public service may cause the deficit to swell up to RM51bil, which translates into a fiscal deficit of 3.5% of the GDP. Meanwhile, Moody's continues to see the removal of the GST as having a negative effect on overall revenue, amid the country's fiscal strength, which is already a drag on its credit profile. With the government's revenue as a share of GDP falling gradually over the past five years to 16.7% at end-2017, Moody's said in a statement yesterday that the abolition of the GST would further strain the ratio. To put it in context, the revenue as a share of the GDP median among Moody's A-rated countries - which include Malaysia - stands at 33.8%. The rating agency pointed out that reforms on the expenditure side would play an important role in determining ultimate fiscal outcomes. "These reforms include the reintroduction of fuel subsidies removed in 2014, but potentially reinstated to benefit lower-income groups. Another key expenditure priority in the Pakatan Harapan's alternative budget released during its campaign and reiterated since its election victory is savings from a so-called reduction in wastage and corruption of RM20bil, or 1.4% of GDP. "Higher oil prices are not a permanent substitute for the GST, and are not a reliable offset to lost revenue, given the volatility of prices," it said. (Source: The Star)

Two major backers of London's Battersea Power Station project are sounding out banks for a loan of about £1.5 billion (US\$2 billion), people with knowledge of the matter said. Malaysia's Employees Provident Fund and state-owned asset manager Permodalan Nasional Bhd are expected to hire banks shortly, according to the people, who asked not to be identified as the process is private. Proceeds will be used to refinance existing borrowings and complete the purchase of commercial assets being developed as part of the Battersea Power Station



project's second phase, the people said. EPF and PNB said in January they plan to spend about £1.6 billion on the acquisition, which will give them ownership in a residential and office development where Apple Inc plans to have its UK headquarters. A representative for EPF declined to comment. PNB said in a statement that due diligence is ongoing, and it would be premature to comment on the loan. The Battersea Power Station building is about halfway through a comprehensive reconstruction that will be completed in late 2020, according to the January statement. The work, which is the largest historic building development undertaken in the UK, is part of a wider 42-acre (17-hectare) mixed-use project. The power station gained worldwide recognition after being used as the iconic cover illustration for rock band Pink Floyd's platinum 1977 album Animals. It was depicted on the cover with a pig floating between two of its four chimneys. (Source: The Edge)

Rating Actions						
Issuer	PDS Description	Rating/Outlook	Action			
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil			

Source: RAM Ratings; MARC



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